# The New-York Times.

VOL. XXI.....NO. 6240. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1871. PRICE FOUR CENTS.


## THE PRESENT CRISIS.

### Mayor Hall Recedes from His Late Untenable Position.

### He Takes Advice Although He Does not Believe in It.

### Opinions of the Corporation Counsel Concerning the Situation.

### Proposed Effort to Recover the Stolen City Funds.

### Mr. Green Sustained by the Citizens' Executive Committee.

### Gen. McClellan's Letter Declining to be Controller.

There was but little excitement in the City Hall yesterday, and there was very little talk, indeed, as to the future course of events, the only opinions expressed being that the Mayor must either back down from the position he had assumed, or resign. He arrived at the Hall about noon, and contrary to his usual custom sat in his outer office, giving audience to all that cared to approach him. In answer to questions put to him, he said that several documents would be ready for the Press about 3 P. M., and that an arrangement had been effected whose would, in some measure, at least, put an end to the present dead-lock. In the meantime Mr. HALL was busy writing and answering the questions put to him by visitors, the majority of whom were newspaper men. About 4 o'clock the Mayor's Secretary distributed copies of the following documents:

LETTER FROM GEN. MCCLELLAN.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 18, 1871.

*A. Oakey Hall, Mayor of the City of New-York.*

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th inst., conveying to me the very flattering offer of the Controllership of this City. While I should willingly render a service to the public, were it in my power, in an emergency like the present, nevertheless a due regard to my public and private duties at this time compels me to decline the appointment. With my sincere thanks for the compliment paid me,

I am very truly yours,

GEO. B. MCCLELLAN.

LETTER FROM THE CORPORATION COUNSEL.

*A. Oakey Hall, Mayor:*

MY DEAR SIR: I regret that my absence from the City on Monday last prevented my seeing you as you desired. I have since then carefully examined the cases, opinions and memoranda submitted by you, affecting your future action in the matter of the office of Controller of the City of New-York. It seems to me that you should be governed in the matter more by considerations of expediency and sound policy than by those nicety of strict legal right or power. Even on the assumption that you clearly possess the power to remove a person holding that office, or that a vacancy unquestionably existed, and that a new appointment made by you is positive, by unbold by the Court, there is nevertheless, as you informed me on quite recent occasion, who would have a right to appeal from the decision of a single Judge against him, and who would, no doubt, prosecute such an appeal. The laws delay is proverbial, and during the progress of the litigation, at a very critical period of the financial condition of the City, possibly completed by the issuance and injunction, there would be presented the indecorous spectacle of two persons claiming to be entitled to the office of Controller, each advised to defend his own claim and contest that of his rival. From this state of things great confusion would inevitably ensue, and great damage to the City Treasury, and to the public credit, who would be seriously, and not unreasonably, dissatisfied at the delay which would be sure to occur in the payment of just and legitimate claims.

If it had been your desire to bring about the accession of a new incumbent into the office of Controller, you seem to me to have exhausted every legal expedient that could have suggested itself for that purpose, even at the risk of some apparent inconsistency. Under all the circumstances, therefore, and with the opinion of so eminent a jurist as CHARLES O'CONOR before me, I cannot advise you at present to take any step that would lead to complicated and mischievous litigation. The refusal of Gen. MCCLELLAN to accept the position of Controller, of which I am informed, is an additional reason for such a conclusion on my part.

Legal discussion might, as you intimate, bring up questions of law which you think could not have been presented to Mr. O'CONOR's consideration. Among them I select from your mem ernda these: Whether the Controller, having powers and duties conferred on him by many modern laws, other than the laws of 1870 and 1871, commonly called the charter, and as a member of various committees, can transfer those powers and duties to a subordinate by virtue of a session in an act which may be regarded as a "local act," or whether that section may not be unconstitutional, in so far as it permits the Controller to relinquish not only minor powers, but all other powers, or whether an abdication of functions beyond and in addition to those embraced in the charter section may not amount, *ipso facto*, to a resignation and create a vacancy.

These and various other questions suggested to me are, no doubt, open to discussion, and it is, I think, probable that a legal contest in this matter would present novel and important considerations as to the law of implied resignation, vacancy and removal, in addition to those which the eminent jurist to whom I have referred may have thought it necessary to advert in his opinion. But returning to the question of expediency and sound policy, which I think of most importance in this case, and laying aside these legal questions for the present, as head of the Law Department, I now advise you not to make another appointment, to withdraw your notice to the various departments, and, to treat with Mr. CONNOLLY as Controller. If you do not regard him as entitled to fill the office *de jure* by treating him as Controller at least *de facto*, you will adopt a course which is in my opinion necessary to prevent financial difficulties and complications, and the postponement of that public excitement and sense of insecurity which a pro, ected legal controversy in this case would inevitably intensify. It should be borne in mind also that long before that controversy could be determined a new Legislature will have assembled, who will then be able more calmly and deliberately to consider any matters connected with this case which may be properly submitted for their consideration. I remain, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

RICHARD O'GORMAN.

THE MAYOR ADVISED TO SUE THOSE WHO AVERRED THE CITY.

LAW DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION, CITY OF NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1871.

*Hon. A. Oakey Hall, Mayor, &c.*

MY DEAR MAYOR: Since the decision of Judge BARNARD in FOLEY et. The Mayor and others, in which he gave a quasi judicial sanction to the rumors which have been rife in this City of gross extravagance in some of the bills presented by various contractors, and paid to them out of the funds of the City, it has seemed to me proper and necessary that some effective legal steps should be taken by the Corporation to recover these moneys, if sufficient evidence of fraud can be obtained to sustain action.

I have been so incessantly occupied for the last few days in attending to office business—writing opinions, &c.—which has accumulated during my absence in Court on the Foley case, that I have not been able to devote my mind specially to the question, but I think it a question of pressing importance, and I beg to call to it the attention of you as chief executive officer of the City, and to ask you for your instructions in the premises. Yours faithfully,

RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.

THE MAYOR'S REPLY.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, CITY HALL, NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1871.

MY DEAR SIR: You are the head of the Law Department; yours is the full discretion to bring any action at law which you may deem it best to commence for promoting the good name or better property of the City or of its Treasury. And I have such entire confidence in your judgment and experience that I leave the matter within that discretion. I know you will do your duty when you have ascertained it, regardless of such consequences as fall outside of duty's sphere.

Very truly, your obedient servant,

A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor.

Hon. RICHARD O'GORMAN, Counsel to the Corporation.

INTERVIEW WITH THE MAYOR.

Shortly after these documents had been made public our reporter had an interview with the Mayor, and asked him whether it was understood that he agreed with and meant to take the advice of the Corporation Counsel. To this Mr. HALL replied in sharp and decided tones, "Nothing is understood; I have said nothing." He was next asked what he thought of the Corporation Counsel's opinion. "I have really not had time to consider it," said his Honor, with a weary expression of face. "You will remember that the President of the United States followed Attorney-General AKERMAN's advice when he did not believe in it." Mr. HALL then went on to speak of the present condition of affairs, saying that in communicating with the Finance Department he should recognize Mr. CONNOLLY only, and if he addressed a letter to the Controller, and that official deputed his deputy to open it, that was Mr. CONNOLLY's affair and not his, the Mayor's. Formerly, he said, whenever Mr. CONNOLLY appointed a deputy to officiate for him, he sent a notice to all the heads of departments, informing them of the fact, and designating the time when such appointment should terminate. "Why he has not done so in this instance," added the Mayor, "I don't know."

The interview here terminated, but as the reporter left he heard the Mayor murmur: "I will immure myself in some place where no one can find me."

THE MAYOR RECALLS HIS FORMER LETTER.

Yesterday we published a letter from the Mayor to the heads of departments, informing them that he did not recognize either Mr. CONNOLLY as Controller or Mr. GREEN as Deputy. Yesterday he sent another letter, recalling the former one so far as Mr. CONNOLLY is concerned.

THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Quiet reigned in this Department yesterday. Mr. CONNOLLY and Mr. GREEN were hard at work all day, and numerous visitors called, only a few of whom, however, obtained admittance to the private office. During the morning Mr. GREEN attended the sale of property for unpaid assessments, and shortly afterward he gave directions for the immediate preparation of a schedule of all officers and clerks of the Department of Finance, and the date of their appointments, their salaries, and the nature of the duties transacted by them, and the preparation of the schedule was immediately commenced. From this it may be inferred that a change will soon be made in the personnel of the Department, and that all sinecure positions will be lopped off.

VISIT OF A DEPUTATION FROM THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

During the early part of the afternoon a deputation from the Committee of Seventy, consisting of Messrs. Meyer Stern, Edwards Pierrepont, Jackson S. Schultz, Robert B. Roosevelt, Thos. A. Ledwith, H. G. Stebbins, William F. Havemeyer and R. D. Hatch, called at the Controller's office to present to Mr. GREEN the complimentary resolutions adopted by the Committee, and which will be found elsewhere.

The presentation was made by Hon. HENRY G. STEBBINS, Chairman of the Committee of Seventy, who said:

Mr. GREEN: I am intrusted with the gratifying duty of presenting to you the resolutions passed this day at a meeting of citizens who represent the meeting held at the Cooper Institute, Sept. 4, and known as the Citizen Committee of Seventy. These resolutions and the action of the Committee today have grown out of your late appointment as Deputy Controller, and the very deep interest felt by your fellow-citizens in your selection for the responsible duties of that office. It is a source of great satisfaction to me personally, knowing you as well as I do, to be made the medium of stating to you the cordial and earnest unanimity with which these resolutions were passed, testifying, as they do, to the high opinion entertained by your fellow-citizens of your great ability and unimpeachable integrity, demonstrated in many important and highly onerous public duties. Nothing, I am sure, would have been more grateful to you had you been present and witnessed these unqualified evidences of the estimation in which you are held by men of both political parties.

Mr. HAVEMEYER followed in a few remarks highly complimentary to Mr. GREEN, and Mr. GREEN briefly replied in acknowledgment.

The Controller, who was present, entered into conversation with the deputation, and said that he had found himself obliged to seek advice, and he had gone to the best man, his old friend of twenty years—Wm. F. HAVEMEYER. Mr. HAVEMEYER had acted him whether he would follow his advice if he gave it, and he had promised that he would, and he had kept his promise. Those with whom he had once held the most cordial relations now turned round on him and wished to destroy him, but he did not propose to sacrifice himself to screen others. He had given, he thought, a sufficient proof of his intension to have the affairs of his Department more rigorously scrutinized for the future by the appointment of Mr. GREEN. Hereafter all would be open to the public, and no payment would be made until every vouchen had passed through Mr. GREEN's hands.

The interview shortly afterward terminated.

What Mr. Richard O'Gorman Says.

Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN, Counsel to the Corporation, visited the TIMES Office last evening for the purpose of correcting the proof of his letter to Mayor HALL. He procured a copy of the TIMES pamphlet exposing the corruptions of the Ring, and said that the men who had obtained the payment of fraudulent claims against the City (whose names appear in the pamphlet) would be proceeded against if proper evidence of the allegations against them were obtained. As for officers of the City Government, they were his clients, and it was not his duty to prosecute any charges that were brought against them. He had applied to Mayor HALL, as the head of the City Government, for instructions in regard to bringing suits for the recovery of moneys that might have been wrongfully obtained from the Treasury, and the Mayor had virtually directed him to proceed in all such cases as he thought proper. He was sorry the Mayor had made public his letter on this subject. When a client consulted a lawyer he did not always direct him to bring a suit. He gave him his case to look into first. So it was in this case. He did not know yet against whom he might bring suits.

Fractional Action of Citizens of the Twenty-Second Ward.

An impromptu meeting of citizens, without distinction of party, of the Twenty-second Ward, was held on Monday evening, in West Fiftieth-street, to extend their support and cooperation to the Committee of Seventy who are investigating the charges preferred against the City officials. As evidence of their support a subscription was entered into, and 101 gentlemen each subscribed $1, which amount was directed to be handed by the Chairman to the Committee of Seventy. A resolution was adopted to organize a permanent Association, and a committee of ten was appointed to put the resolution into effect. The Chairman handed the proceeds of the subscription, $102, yesterday to Mr. EMIL SAUER, the Treasurer of the Committee.

## THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

### Special Meeting—Speech of Judge Pierrepont—Resolutions Approving the Appointment of Andrew H. Green.

At 12 o'clock yesterday, the Committee of Seventy met at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, HENRY G. STEBBINS presiding. There was a full attendance.

Judge PIERREPONT spoke in favor of the appointment of Mr. GREEN in a very fervent speech, which was in substance, as follows:

No one who read Mayor HALL's official communication to the Controller on the 11th inst., explicitly stating that he had no power of removal, could differ with him in the soundness of that view, and it is quite preposterous and an insult to the good sense of our citizens for him to come out five days afterward with a manifesto, declaring that he had that power and would peremptorily exercise the right of removal. Mr. GREEN is, in my judgment, legally appointed and clearly holds his office in strict accordance with the spirit and letter of the law. He has been long and thoroughly tried in a similar office of trust; no one doubts his integrity, and all must acknowledge his peculiar fitness for the office. He is, moreover, a member of the dominant party—a life-long Democrat, and no one can take exception to his appointment on the ground that he is a Republican. It is the duty of all good citizens to sustain him in his position by all lawful means, and if lawless violence is used to dispossess him, it is our duty to be prepared to resist any force which should attempt to bring revolution and anarchy upon our City. [Great applause.]

Judge BARNARD also made some remarks on the subject. He said that inasmuch as the advice of Mr. HAVEMEYER to Mr. CONNOLLY and Mr. GREEN seemed to have been solely a personal matter, it were just as well to appoint a committee of five from this Committee to wait upon Mr. GREEN and Mr. CONNOLLY, to notify each of the purport and passage of the resolutions sustaining Mr. GREEN's appointment and Mr. CONNOLLY's position.

The following resolutions were introduced by Mr. H. F. SPALDING, and unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That we congratulate the citizens and taxpayers of the City of New-York upon the appointment of ANDREW H. GREEN to the office of Deputy Controller, for the assurance it gives of an honest and intelligent administration of the business of the City in the immediate future.

*Resolved*, That if the Mayor, in his recent request for the resignation of Mr. CONNOLLY, was actuated by a desire to fill his place by a man of fitness and fidelity, he could not have made a happier choice than the selection of Mr. GREEN, so well known to the community for his spotless integrity, and able and honest management of the public trusts heretofore confided to him.

*Resolved*, That we call upon all good citizens, by their moral support, to sustain Mr. ANDREW H. GREEN in his present position as guardian of the public funds of the City.

*Resolved*, That a committee will aid Mr. GREEN pecuniarily and by counsel, to the extent of our power, in all lawful ways, to retain the position in which, fortunately for the people, he has been placed in this trying epoch of our municipal affairs.

A committee consisting of the following gentlemen was then appointed to present Mr. GREEN with a copy of the resolutions: Henry G. Stebbins, President; William F. Havemeyer, Vice-President; Roswell D. Hatch, Secretary; Meyer Stern, Edwards Pierrepont, Jackson S. Schultz, Robert B. Roosevelt and Thomas A. Ledwith.

The meeting then adjourned, and the Committee proceeded to the Controller's office; what there occurred is given elsewhere.

The Investigating Committee.

The Joint Committee of Investigation held a secret session at 2 P. M. yesterday. On Thursday they propose to meet in open session, and to make a report on the debt and some other matters connected with the Finance Department.

Mr. Sweeny in Town but Invisible—A Consultation Last Night.

Mr. SWEENY arrived in town yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock. The Mayor had already received the letter of advice from Mr. O'GORMAN, and had resolved to acquiesce in what he found to be unavoidable, the recognition of Mr. CONNOLLY as Controller. A TIMES reporter made an effort to find Mr. SWEENY in the evening, in the hope of obtaining his views upon the crisis in the affairs of the Ring, of which he is the acknowledged leader. The search, however, was a vain one; the great power behind the throne was not to be found. His house in Thirty-fourth-street was visited between 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening, but the reporter was informed by the servant who answered the bell that Mr. SWEENY was not at home. Endeavoring to ascertain from the man the whereabouts of his master, that individual became confused and asked the name of the visitor. While the reporter was talking to the servant, a personage about the height of Mr. SWEENY appeared at the end of the hall for a second, took a hasty glance, and then withdrew. The reporter was unable to tell with certainty whether the gentleman was Mr. P. B. SWEENY, in the short space of time allowed for recognition.

The servant insisting that Mr. SWEENY was not at home, and no other information being vouchsafed, the reporter next visited the mansion of WM. M. TWEED, on Fifth-avenue. The windows of the stately brown stone were darkened, and no evidences of there being any one on the premises were visible. Passing Mayor HALL's brown-stone front on Forty-second-street he inquired of the servant in charge if Mayor HALL was at home, with a faint hope of finding SWEENY there in consultation with the Mayor. He was informed that the Mayor had not been there that night. A visit was then made to the Blossom and Manhattan Clubs, of which Mr. SWEENY is a member, but at each of the club-houses it was stated that Mr. SWEENY had not been there for some time past. His house was again visited between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock, and Mr. SWEENY was not at home. His brother, JAMES M. SWEENY, however, received the reporter, and informed him that Mr. PETER B. SWEENY was in consultation and could not possibly be seen until today, at the Department of Parks.

Mr. SWEENY, in reply to the reporter, said that all that had appeared in the papers about his brother's giving advice to Mayor HALL in relation to Controller CONNOLLY and ANDREW H. GREEN was not worthy of credence. He felt certain that there were no newer developments to be made than what had already transpired at the Mayor's office in the afternoon, and which is elsewhere detailed in the TIMES.

A Democratic Protest Against the Recent Attitude of the Mayor.

At a special meeting of the Henry Cooney Democratic Club, of the Sixteenth Ward, held on Monday evening, the following resolutions were adopted:

*Whereas*, It having been proven to the satisfaction of the City and County of New-York that frauds, swindles and gross and extravagant expenditures have been made by the party in power; and,

*Whereas*, Mayor HALL's leading to the Presidency of the recommendation of Ex-Mayor HAVEMEYER, an honorable upright politician and Democrat of the great, to fill the office of Deputy Controller pending the investigation of the financial affairs of the City and County, deserves the approbation of every honest and conscientious man; be it, therefore

*Resolved*, That we, the members of the Henry Cooney Democratic Club of the Sixteenth Ward, utter a solemn and earnest protest against the action of the Mayor and his clique in removing Controller CONNOLLY and appointing Gen. Geo. B. MCCLELLAN, because it has a tendency to perpetuate the party in power, and cast up Mr. CONNOLLY as a sacrifice for their shortcomings; and furthermore, be it

*Resolved*, That we extend to Mr. CONNOLLY our heart-felt sympathy and unswerving support in this trying hour, not because we think him any less guilty, but because our love of fair and square dealing has prompted us to seek a thorough investigation, where justice shall be done though the heavens should fall."

About the Stolen Vouchers.

Superintendent KELSO yesterday told a TIMES reporter that he received information last week that a person connected with the City Hall was boasting that he knew who took the vouchers. He sent for the person and had a conversation with him about the theft. The man made a statement to him, but Mr. KELSO declined to make it known. He said, however, that he attached no importance to it whatever as indicating who the burglar or burglars were.

Mr. Green Competent and Trustworthy.

*From the Journal of Commerce.*

We expressed in Monday's paper our high appreciation of the choice of Mr. GREEN as an executive head and financial manager, long experienced and bearing a reputation unsullied by any charge of misfeasance or jobbery, or even the suspicion of it, so far as our recollection and present knowledge go. If the Mayor's second thoughts should turn out unsound, and the dismissal of the Controller unsanctioned, then, while we should lament over that fact, and feel that the deprivation of Gen. MCCLELLAN'S services as Controller was a public misfortune, there would remain the consolation that Mr. GREEN, as custodian of the financial responsibilities of the Metropolis, is one who, judging him from all his record, is entirely competent and trustworthy.

## CONNOLLY'S FRIENDS.

### Preparations for a Mass-Meeting and Procession—Resolutions and Speeches—Mayor Hall Asked to Resign.

The delegates appointed at the meeting of Controller CONNOLLY's friends, held at the Sixth Ward Hotel on Saturday last, met last night at the corner of Thirteenth-street and University-place. Mr. TIMOTHY DALY presided. Delegates were present from every ward in the City except the Twelfth, and their absence was owing to a Senatorial meeting which was being held in their district.

The Chairman stated that the object of the meeting was to appoint an executive committee to perfect all the arrangements for a grand mass-meeting and torch-light procession in honor of RICHARD B. CONNOLLY.

The following resolutions were then read and unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That we approve of the manly and firm course taken by Controller CONNOLLY in defense of law and order, and the sacred trust committed to his hands by the people, as well as the charter passed by our State Legislature.

*Resolved*, That a Chairman and a Committee of seven be nominated to carry out the arrangements for the mass-meeting and procession, which Committee will confer with the several delegates from the various wards, and fix the time and place of said meeting and procession.

*Resolved*, That Mayor HALL, by his refusal to cooperate with Controller CONNOLLY in carrying out the financial affairs of the Government, has created a deep-seated discontent among all classes of the community, and the execution of thousands of working men and laborers, who may possibly be discharged from the public works should the Mayor and his diminishing clique persist in such outrageous demonstrations, and in order to remove the dead lock it is imperative on Mayor HALL to resign, and if he chooses to test public opinion at the polls of the coming election, the people will gladly render verdict either for his condemnation or approval.

That portion of the resolutions which called on Mayor HALL to resign, was received with continued cheers.

It was moved and carried that the Chairman be empowered to appoint the executive committee and announce the names in the papers.

Mr. EVERETT made a speech. He thought the time was come when there should be "no more fencing" on this matter. The people should come out boldly and sustain CONNOLLY. The attack on him by his three former associates was as unreasonable as it was unjust and unfair. He traced the political career of Mr. CONNOLLY from its incipiency, and showed what service he had rendered to the cunning and unprincipled members of the Tammany Ring. The cause he was now fighting for was a just one; he was contending against the unexampled cunning and intricacy of the Mayor of New-York. [Prolonged hisses for Mayor HALL.] The cry now raised against CONNOLLY was instituted by a mean, cowardly and infamous thing, who, to save his own miserable carcass, sought to degrade a good, industrious and honest man. [Applause.] They tried now to rob him of the office which he had well filled, and to which he was justly entitled. Having first failed to induce him to leave by soft words, they now tried to frighten him out. [Several voices. They can't do it.]

As the conclusion of these remarks several loud and hearty cheers were given for RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, while the members of the Tammany Ring, TWEED, HALL and SWEENY, were received with hisses.

Colonel GOVER was the next speaker. He alluded in very eulogistic terms to Controller CONNOLLY and said that when last Mayor HALL sought to be elected a second time, he (the speaker) was one of his most earnest supporters. He would not, however, be fool enough to do so again. [Cheers.] He was sorry the Mayor had taken such steps. He had previously entertained a different opinion of him, but now HALL and his Tammany confreres should not interfere to destroy the lasting friendship existing between himself and his friend RICHARD B. CONNOLLY. [Applause.] He was proud that Gen. GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN, under whom he had the honor to serve in the army, had declined to accept the position which Mayor HALL had offered him. [Cheers for MCCLELLAN.] RICHARD B. CONNOLLY was unquestionably in the right, as was evinced by the fact that he had such honest honorable and distinguished men as Ex-Mayor HAVEMEYER coming forward to sustain him in the hour of his trial. [Cheers for Ex Mayor HAVEMEYER.] He had all the respectable and responsible citizens in the City supporting him. The speaker alluded to the appointment of GREEN to the office of Deputy Controller, and three hearty cheers were given for the latter gentleman. In conclusion he pronounced a very elegant eulogium on Controller CONNOLLY.

The meeting then adjourned.

## MORE GAS.

### Tweed, Sweeny & Co.'s Little Plan for Lighting the City—Immense Preparations for Another Rich Haul.

Some years ago there was considerable dissatisfaction with the gas companies. The relief that had been expected from the formation of a rival to the old New-York and the Manhattan in the Metropolitan had not answered expectation. It was obvious that the new company established by HOY and KENNEDY had only used the public indignation against the old companies as a lever to hoist itself up with, for it was actually charging more than either of them. At this time a scheme was originated for a Mutual Savings Gas Company, in which it was proposed to divide the profits with the consumers in some impracticable fashion. It was created by CHAS. PLACE, now Secretary and Director, formerly of the firm of PLACE & TURLEY, sugar refiners, on Front-street. It passed the Legislature, and obtained a charter, without opposition from the other companies, who were satisfied with the assurances of the promoters that their intention was to light the upper part of the Island, and not to come in contact with the associations below. But the chimerical character of the plan prevented them from going into active operation, and they made no use of their charter. It was disposed of at length to HOY and KENNEDY, the builders of the Metropolitan, and they contrived by sharp lobbying to have the charter amended in some way so as to make the Mutual part a matter of judgment, but not compulsory. The old companies did not oppose this alteration, as they still believed that the Mutual would create a field for itself in the upper part of the City, according to scheme promises. But they greatly distrusted HOY and KENNEDY. That their suspicions were not groundless, the event will prove. In the Fall of last year, the Mutual purchased of Commodore VANDERBILT's son, WILLIAM HENRY, the ground known as Webb's Ship-yard. This lot occupies the entire block from Eleventh to Twelfth-street, and from Avenue D to the East River. In payment, the VANDERBILTS accepted $300,000 cash, and $1,000,000 in stock. The Commodore and his son, CORNELIUS, Jr., were also placed on the list of directors; also, Mr. LA RAU, a relative of the Commodore, and one or two of his friends. For as the capital of the concern consisted in a resolution of the Common Council authorizing them to lay pipes in the City of New-York, it was necessary to make sure of the influence of TWEED and his friends, that the resolution might not be rescinded. A capital stock of $4,000,000 was created, and the major portion handed over to the Ring, the balance being offered to the public. What was left of the stock was then divided by the Ring, useful friends got allotments, and paid at the rate of thirty cents on the dollar, the money of the directors was handed in, and the gas-works were commenced in earnest.

Things being in this forward condition, artfully written communications were addressed as feelers to the New-York Gas Company, and the Manhattan. Consolidation and co-operation were hinted at, but nothing was definite. The answers mentioned this, and requested more intelligible proposals. To these the Mutual responded by throwing the onus on the companies, and asking them what *they* proposed to do. Mr. EVERETT, of the New-York Gas Company, replied that he was so far open to negotiations that if the Mutual desired to purchase any of the territory of the New-York, and would make a specific bid, it would be placed before the Board and duly considered. Gen. ROOME, of the Manhattan, made no reply. He foresaw that any scheme to buy of the men who own the Mutual would be simply deferring the inevitable contest, and he preferred to save the money of the Company and fight the matter through the Courts to the bitter end. Both these old Companies who, in spite of grumbling have seen the faithful servants of the community, foresee what the Ring proposes to do. It is evident that they will have all the street lamps and the public offices taken from them by Mr. TWEED, the Commissioner of Public Works, who will permit the Mutual to charge what it thinks fit. And as the new Company is not compelled by its charter to occupy any specific district and to light it thoroughly, it will avoid the unremunerative places and lay down its mains only in those that will pay well, general thoroughfares and fashionable quarters. Having this privilege, it will contend with its rivals on as advantageous a footing that it will be enabled to undersell them. For they have to take the lean with the fat; the places that are a dead loss with those that yield a handsome profit. But the Mutual will have only the fat of the business.

This, however, is that part of the scheme which alone can be viewed by the public with indifference. But the plans of the Ring are more deeply laid. They contemplate charging an exorbitant price for the public street-lighting, and when the Commissioner of Public Works will cause a report (believed to be already written, with blanks for the figures,) showing the expense of the present system of street-lighting, and recommending that the city furnish its own gas. This will be supported by the Press with solitary exceptions, will be lauded as a sensible and economical proposal, and will be adopted. Then the Ring will sell the Mutual Savings Gas Company's ground, buildings, pipes, &c., to the City for three millions and will retire grace fully from the gas-making business.

In connection with the Mutual Work, the Ring have purchased the famous Novelty Iron Works on the next block, reaching from Twelfth to Thirteenth-street. The works cover the entire block. They belonged to Mr. JAMES BROWN, of the banking firm of BROWN BROTHERS, Wall-street, next door to the Custom-house. He disposed of the lot for half a million to Mr. B. F. FAIRCHILD, the real estate man of the Ring, but what he received for the buildings, iron, fixtures, machinery, &c., cannot be ascertained, as he is unwilling to give the information. It would seem from the statement that TWEED, SWEENY, CONNOLLY, and HUGH SMITH intend to manufacture the iron pipes for their gas concern, and to continue to do so after it shall have been disposed of to the City.

There is another gas company, born of Tammany auspices, coming into the field. Mr. TOM FIELDEN, of this Council, last session, a legislative act granting to him and his assigns the exclusive right to light the Central Park.

## THE UNIVERSALIST CONVENTION

### Interesting Reports—Satisfactory Condition of the Finances—Missionary Statistics.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—The Universalist's Convention reassembled at 2½ o'clock. President, Rev. Dr. W. H. RYDER, in the chair. The report of the Treasurer was submitted. The following is a synopsis of the report:

| | |
|---|---|
| From J. M. Pullman, permanent Secretary, in bills receivable | $11,874 90 |
| From premium received in the purchase and exchange of securities | 1,393 20 |
| Murray Centenary Fund received into the treasury since the establishment of this fund from J. M. Pullman, Permanent Secretary, in cash | 100,427 41 |
| Total | $113,695 51 |
| Investments first year, ending Sept. 13, 1870 | $10,000 00 |
| Investments second year, ending Sept. 7, 1871 | 90,000 00 |
| Total | $95,000 00 |
| Balance in treasury in bills receivable and cash | $18,695 51 |

The present indebtedness of the General Convention is as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| To the New-York State Convention; loan | $2,000 00 |
| To T. F. Bonsame, New-York; loan | 5,000 00 |
| To Monroe Crane, New-York; loan | 5,000 00 |
| To Charles H. Rogers, Philadelphia; loan | 5,000 00 |
| To Murray Centenary Fund | 10,000 00 |
| To Universalist Church, New-York; obligations | 4,000 00 |
| Total | $31,000 00 |

The Board of Trustees submitted their sixth annual report, and a motion was made that a Committee of five be appointed to whom the report should be referred, which was agreed to.

The Chair appointed the following as the Committee: B. F. ROMAINE, of New-York; Rev. J. J. COURWELL, of Ohio; H. B. METCALF, of Massachusetts; Rev. G. G. BARTHOLOMEW, D. D., of New-York, and CHARLES CARPENTER, of Rhode Island. The Chair also appointed the following as an Auditing Committee: Rev. Mr. DEMAREST, of Massachusetts; Hon. M. QUIMBY, of Missouri, and Mr. BLAKELY, of Minnesota. The following is an abstract of the report of the Board of Trustees: The new constitution adopted last year at Gloucester has been submitted to the State Conventions, and official notice has been received of its ratification by the following States: Maine, New-Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New-York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota. No adverse action was reported by any State. The report in detail then refers to the missionary forces and shows the amount of good to be realized therefrom. The number of pupils reported in the Sunday-schools is 30,624, showing a net gain of 3,404. The financial exhibit is also favorable. The value of church property is $5,806,316, while the indebtedness has been reduced $297,822, leaving an indebtedness of $500,654. Church edifices have been erected during the year to the amount of $236,382, while $46,846 have been raised for schools and colleges, and $90,625 for missions and charities, together with $19,540 for miscellaneous purposes, making an aggregate of $734,255, which, added to the $3,048,837 reported last year, makes the result of our centenary work foot up $1,083,792.

All of the reports were refused, and the Convention has adjourned.

## THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

### Nineteenth Triennial Conclave of the Grand Encampment—Imposing Procession and Interesting Opening Ceremonies.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 19.—The nineteenth triennial conclave of the Grand Encampment of Knights Templar of the United States commenced in this city this morning. Notwithstanding the cloudy and threatening sky, at 9 o'clock the several commanderies which took part in the procession left their head-quarters and marched to the general rendezvous, in front of Barnum's Hotel, for the purpose of escorting the Grand Commandery to the Masonic Temple on Charles-street. The Maryland commanderies being the hosts, joined the head of the column. The procession was under the charge of Sir CHARLES H. MANN, Grand Commander. About 11 o'clock the officers and members of the Grand Encampment of the United States entered the hall of the Masonic Temple escorted by Sir CHARLES H. MANN, Grand Eminent Commander of the Grand Encampment of Maryland. As soon as the audience were seated he directed the doors to be closed, when Most Worshipful J. H. B. LATROBE, Grand Master of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Maryland, rose and welcomed the visitors in an able and patriotic speech. Sir WM. SEWALL GARDNER, Grand Commander of the Grand Encampment of the United States, returned thanks in appropriate terms. The delegations then proceeded to their hall to open the session of the Grand Encampment. The procession was a display of the most brilliant and imposing character. The magnificent but chaste uniform of the Knights presented a grand spectacle. Thousands of spectators crowded the streets along the line of march. The entire city is dressed with Masonic banners and national flags.

The General Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons convened at the Masonic Temple, in secret session, today. An address was delivered by the presiding officer, and the usual business committees appointed. The election of officers takes place to-morrow.

## WASHINGTON NEWS.

### Erie Railroad Litigations—Movements of the Mexican Commission—International Conference—Miscellaneous.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Erie Railroad has a claim for rebatement of taxes before the Internal Revenue Department, and an argument was made before the Commissioner today by DUDLEY FIELD, not DAVID DUDLEY, as some have it. The case is this: The Company made a return of its earnings to the Revenue Office, and another return of the amount paid for road construction to the State Auditor of Pennsylvania. This last return was supposed by the Assessor to represent earnings, and as it was larger than the former return an assessment was laid upon the difference which, with the penalties, amounted to about $80,000. The Company makes the claim that this difference in the two returns represented money derived from the sale of bonds. The Commissioner has simply to decide upon the question of fact. If the Company prove, as seems likely, that its explanation is correct the abatement must be made.

KUKLUX MATTERS.

The full Kuklux Committee of the House and Senate meets here to-morrow. It is not probable that any further evidence will be taken in North or South Carolina, but most likely one or two subcommittees will be appointed to visit others of the Southern States and take testimony between now and the meeting of Congress. In the trial of KuklUxes at Raleigh, a case has come up where sixteen persons are to be tried on one indictment. The claim is set up that in selecting the jury each defendant has a right to the number of challenges provided by law in criminal trials in the United States Courts. The ruling of the Judge is expected to conform to the practice in other Courts heretofore, and allow only challenges by the defendants collectively.

CONFERENCES ON THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The State Department today received official notice of the appointment of Count SCLOPIS by King VICTOR EMMANUEL of Italy, as the Italian member of the Geneva Arbitration Board. The mixed Commission under the Treaty of Washington for the settlement of claims of British and American subjects, other than the Alabama claims, will meet in this city for organization next week, possibly Monday. The arrival of Commissioner GUERRERO is now daily expected. The Commission will first establish rules for the guidance of its procedure, which will doubtless be similar to the rules governing the Mexican and Spanish Commissions. The Geneva Conference will not probably begin till about the last of the days before the expiration of the six months fixed by the treaty.

PERSONAL.

Senator SCOTT and Representative BOOTHELL of Pennsylvania, arrived here today. Senator SCOTT brings news of the quiet but favorable progress of the canvass. The election derives its chief importance from the fact that the Legislature to be elected will have to redistrict the State under the new apportionment of Representatives to CONGRESS. The prospect of a Republican victory is as good as it was in Maine. Commissioner DOUGLASS will not resign to test his status under the Tenure-of-office law, but simply to make the appointment of a first deputy possible. He will not resign for some weeks yet, at least not till after the return of the President.

## PAY-MASTER HODGE.

### Appointment of a Court-Martial in His Case—Special Order from the Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Secretary of War today issued the following order:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Sept. 19, 1871.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 366.—A general Court-martial is hereby appointed to meet at Fort McHenry, Maryland, at 11 o'clock M., on the 26th day of September, 1871, or as soon thereafter as practicable for the trial of Pay-master JOHN LENDRUM HODGE, United States Army.

Detail for the Court: Major-Gen. George G. Meade; Col. Delos B. Sackett, Inspector-General; Col. Israel Vogdes, First Artillery; Col. N. W. Brown, Assistant Pay-master-General; Lieut.-Col. H. D. Wallen, Eighth Infantry; Lieut.-Col. Stewart Van Vliet, Deputy Quartermaster-General; Major John M. Brannan, First Artillery; Major E. G. Beckwith, First Artillery; Major Truman Seymour, of the Fifth Artillery; Capt. Henry M. Lazelle, of the Eighth Infantry; Capt. James McMillan, of the Third Artillery; Capt. E. V. Sumner, of the First Cavalry; Capt. John B. Echo, Jr., of the Ordnance Department. Col. W. Dunn, Assistant Judge-Advocate-General, is appointed Judge-Advocate of the Court. In case of the absence of any of the members named in this order, the Court will nevertheless proceed with the business assigned it, provided the number be not less than the minimum prescribed by law.

By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Adjutant-General.

## PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

### Removal of His Remains to Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 19.—The

# EUROPEAN MAIL NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE TURKONIA AND CHINA.

The steam-ship Westerwald, which left Hamburg Sept. 2 and Plymouth Sept. 9, and the China, from Liverpool Sept. 9 and Queenstown Sept. 10, reached port yesterday. The move is thought to be in consequence of the threatening attitude of Germany.

The Turkonia has been detained in Baltimore by the ice, and probably will not get here before to-morrow. Her mails will be brought on by the Cunard steamer Russia, which left Liverpool on Wednesday.

The Russia has a fine cargo, and 100 cabin passengers, among whom are Gen. Sickles, Mr. Bancroft Davis, Mr. Bigelow, Mr. Wilkeson, Mr. Bowen, Mr. Cisco, Mr. Bronson, Mr. Wilkes and family

## FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

**Sales at the Stock Exchange—SEPT. 19.**

FIRST BOARD.

$20,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C...112⅝ | 300 West. Un. Tel. b.c. 82⅝
1,000 do. ...112⅝ | do. ...82⅞
3,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65...113⅛ | 600 do. ...82⅝
$100 U. S. 5-20 C., '65...113⅝ | 200 do. ...82⅝
3,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, n...113⅛ | 1400 do. ...82⅝
$9,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67...114⅛ | 500 do. ...82⅝
$5,000 U. S. 10-40 C...114⅝ | 600 do. ...82⅝
$5,000 U. S. 10-40 C...114⅝ | 700 Pacific Mail...b. w. 50⅝
20,000 Tenn. 6s, old...72 | 500 do. ...50⅝
20,000 Tenn. 6s, new...72 | 20 Atlantic & Pacific...50⅝
$5,000 N. Car. old 6s...42 | 200 do. ...50⅝
10,000 do. ...41⅞ | 200 do. ...bet. cash 50⅝
11,000 do. ...bet. cash 42 | 400 do. ...bet. cash 50⅝
2,000 S. C. 6s, new...100 | 200 United States Ex...102
$1,000 Ga. 7s, Fund...97½ | 200 N. Y. C. & H. R...100½
20,000 do. ...bet. cash...85 | 500 do. ...100½
10,000 do. ...bet. cash...85 | 200 do. ...100½
$5,000 Ala. 5s, Endorsed...72 | 100 do. ...bet. cash 100½
10,000 do. ...bet. cash...72 | 100 do. ...bet. cash 100½
$1,000 Ga. 6s, C'M'bs...97½ | 100 Panama R. ...94
$1,000 Ga. 6s, C'M'bs...97½ | 100 Union Pacific R...32⅛
$4,000 Mo. 6s...97½ | 100 Pacific R...32⅛
$1,000 N. Y. Central 7s...105½ | 200 Chic. & N. W. m...85
Long. Bds...106 | 200 do. ...85
$500 Pac. R. 7s, gold...96 | 200 do. ...85
$1,000 do. ...bet. cash...96 | 200 do. ...bet. cash 85
$2,000 Cen. Pac. Gold Bds...102 | 100 Cal. & N. W. Pf. b.c. 85⅝
10,000 Un. Pac. R., 1st...80 | 100 do. ...85⅝
20,000 do. ...bet. cash...80 | 100 Cal. & N. W. Pf. 85⅝
$5,000 Atlantic & Gt. W. 2d...70 | 200 N. J. Central R...109
3,000 Tol. & Wab. M'g...92⅛ | 200 do. ...bet. cash 109
3,000 Tol. & Wab. ...92 | 100 do. ...109⅛
St. Louis Div...92⅛ | 100 do. ...109⅛
1,000 Gt. West. 1st, '52...92⅝ | 200 Mil. & St. Paul R...81⅛
2,000 do. ...92⅝ | 100 do. ...81⅛
$1,000 Ind. & Cin. 1st...91 

# The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20, 1871.



Amusements This Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
BLUE BEARD. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Camille Dubois, Miss Hetty Tracy, and Mr. Harry Beckett.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
"THE LITTLE DETECTIVE." Leading characters by Miss Lotta, Mr. John T. Raymond, and Mr. Bob. Pateman.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
GOTTY GOOFT. Leading characters by Messrs. G. Philips, J. S. Stanley, Miss Fanni and Miss Ione Burke.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st., near Broadway.
DIVORCE. Leading characters by Messrs. Harkins, Lemoyne, Davidge, Lewis, Miss Fanny Davenport, Miss Fanny Morant, and Miss Clara Morris.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.
14th-st., near Broadway.
BURLESQUE, FARTOMIME and COMEDY. Principal parts by Mr. F. Rogers, Miss Belle Howitt and Miss Linda Wilkinson, Miss Penfield and Miss Annie Adams.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
HUMPTY DUMPTY (Pantomime.) Leading characters by Messrs. Chas. K. Fox, C. K. Fox, and the Marcos and Rivalty troupes.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Prince-st.
CARL THE FIDDLER. Leading characters by Messrs. Joseph K. Emmet and Miss Rose Evens.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE. Afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities on exhibition.

STEINWAY HALL.
14th-st., near 4th-av.
GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT. By the Vienna Lady Orchestra.

NEWCOMB & ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS.
585 and 587 Broadway, corner Prince-st.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY, BALLETS AND COMIC CAMPAIGNS.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.
24d-st., between 6th and 7th aves.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY, FARCES, DANCING AND FUN.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
7th-av., corner 53d-st.
SUMMER NIGHT CONCERT. By Theodore Thomas' Orchestra.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
59th-av., corner 63d-st.
EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF ART, SCIENCE, AND MECHANICS. Open day and evening.

STADT THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE POSTILLION OF LONGJUMEAU, (Germ. spoken.) Leading characters by Mr. Theodore Wachtel and Miss. Reisen.

PARIS PAVILION CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 2d and 3d aves.
ATHLETIC AND EQUESTRIAN FEATS. Dan Rice, Manager.



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Two copies, one year.....5
Ten copies, one year.....35
And an extra copy to getter-up of club.
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum.....2
Five copies, one year.....8
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And an extra copy to getter-up of club.
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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices as early in the day as possible. If received after 6 o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 23d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., No. 765 Broadway, and No. 1,247 Broadway, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & CO., Bankers, No. 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.


*The first edition of the New Pamphlet, containing a complete history of the Tammany Frauds, is now ready. The narrative contains all the information which can be gathered on the subject, with new introduction, illustrations and notes. The pamphlet will be sold at 10c. each copy, or $4 per hundred to dealers. All orders to be addressed to the* NEW-YORK TIMES.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

### EUROPE.

The involvement of affairs is such in Austria that a Ministerial crisis is daily expected.

The session of the Servian Legislative Chambers opened yesterday.

At Brussels, the workmen have been successful in their strike.

The English Press seem well pleased with the appearance of the militia at the Aldershot encampment, but American officers have noticed a deficiency in the provision train.

A Court-martial is to hold he in England in the case of Her Majesty's ship *Enchantress*, which went ashore off Ryde a short time since.

The hop crop in England is but one-third the usual amount.

The English newspapers state that that Government will not join the Americans in the Cores matter, owing to the fact that it was not consulted prior to Admiral Rodgers' expedition.

The Mayor of Cork, Ireland, has been presented with the cross of the French Legion of Honor, for services rendered to the wounded during the late war.

Six men have been impressed in Ireland for illegal drilling.

The Catholic residents of the town of Soleturn, Switzerland, have established a separate municipal government.

A banquet was given at Turin, Italy, yesterday, in honor of the opening of the Mont Cenis Tunnel.

The foreign workmen, whom the employers in Newcastle, England, imported to take the place of the strikers, are leaving them.

### GENERAL.

The mortal remains of President LINCOLN were yesterday removed from their temporary vault to a permanent one in Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, Ill. The bodies of the two deceased children were also removed. No ceremonies were observed. ROBERT LINCOLN was present with several personal friends.

The working parties in the Shawangunk Tunnel, on the Midland Railroad, met yesterday, and a party of directors and engineers passed through from end to end.

The Secretary of War has appointed the officers to form a Court-martial to investigate the case of Pay-master HORTON. It is to meet at Fort McHenry about the 26th inst.

The first meeting of the Washington Conference on the *Alabama* claims will be held next Monday.

The Erie Railroad Company are endeavoring to recover from the Internal Revenue Department a large sum of money, which they claim was paid in an unjust assessment.

The Universalist General Convention met yesterday morning, at Philadelphia, and, after prayer, the meeting was organized by Rev. J. M. FULLMAN, calling the Convention to order. Rev. DR. W. H. RYDER, of Illinois, was selected as President; J. SMITH DODGE, Jr., of Connecticut, as Vice-President.

Reports from that portion of Texas bordering on Mexico state that more than 6,000 head of cattle have been stolen and run across the border by the Mexicans since the 1st of last June.

There has been a slight conflict between the settlers and the Indians on the Desert Reservation, owing to the disappearance of their horses. Several men were wounded, and one was killed.

The people of Jacksboro, Texas, are fearing an incursion of Indians, who have been driven southward from Kansas by Gen. OAKES.

### The Innocence of A. Oakey Hall.

"Stop thief!" cries HALL; "Stop thief!" cries TWEED; "Stop thief!" cries SWEENY; "Stop thief!" cries the *World*, and all the rest of the crew which for years past have lived without work on the public Treasury. "CONNOLLY must resign, and, if he will not resign, he must be put out; and, if he will not go, we must surround him with a crowd of unpaid laborers, and put him in bodily fear of a violent death, and then he will flee away. We must make him 'the scapegoat,' send him into the wilderness as a sin-offering, and, amid the clamor of gongs and tumultuous voices, make the credulous public rejoice with us, that CONNOLLY alone is guilty, and that the guilty one has fled."

"Not quite so fast, brother HALL," says CONNOLLY. "I will not resign; I will not be put out, but if I go, you and my other partners must go with me. If I am unworthy of trust, so are you and they, and you know it. I am not *alone* guilty. More than that, I am not as guilty as you, because you, TWEED, and SWEENY concocted at Albany, while I was in New-York, the acts for the payment of the fraudulent bills, and you, brother HALL, with your professional skill, showed me how the law could be interpreted so that the bills could be paid from the City Treasury, and without your skill you know I could not have done it. You were my master, and I followed my leader; and if you did not put your share of the plunder in real estate or in registered bonds, the only difference between us is that you were smarter than I was."

Now, every word of CONNOLLY'S rejoinder is true, and if our readers will give some attention to what we are about to state, we will prove it to a demonstration, relying *solely upon the statements of Hall himself, under his own signature.*

In the last Message but one which was sent by HALL to the Board of Supervisors, he said:

"The passage of the acts known as the City Charter and the Supervisors' law of 1870 could not have been enacted unless some compromise of personal, official and political differences between legislators, or between them and County or City officials, had first been made. Many legislators were found prepared to vote for the charter who would not vote for the abolition of the Board of Supervisors, unless some means could be devised whereby all existing contracts and claims then pending before the old Board should be paid—suffice it to say that, as one of the means of compromise, the section of the law above quoted was agreed to, and it was understood to be a legislative direction to pay off the claims aforesaid."

Now, what was the section of the law, as quoted by HALL himself, which TWEED and SWEENY, as the engineers-in-chief at Albany, and HALL and CONNOLLY at New-York, agreed to, as their "compromise of personal, official and political differences between legislators, or between them and County or City officials?" HALL cites it in full:

SECTION 4. All liabilities against the County of New-York, incurred previous to the passage of this act, shall be audited by the Mayor, Controller and present President of the Board of Supervisors, and the amounts which are found to be due shall be provided for by the issue of revenue bonds of the County of New-York, payable during the year 1871, and the Board of Supervisors shall include in the ordinance levying the taxes for the year 1871 an amount sufficient to pay said bonds and the interest thereon. Such claims shall be paid by the Controller to the party or parties entitled to receive the same upon the certificate of the officers named herein.

Where in this section did HALL find any justification for his shameless assertion above quoted, that "it was understood to be a legislative direction *to pay off* the claims aforesaid?" Is it not clear to every man of common sense, that the Legislature directed no such thing, but, on the contrary, that the bills should not be paid on their face, but should first be "audited," and "the amounts which are found to be due" should then be paid? Did HALL, a reputed scholar, require to be informed what was the meaning of the words "all claims and liabilities against the County of New-York shall be *audited* by the Mayor," &c.? Did he not know, what everybody knows, that "audit is an examination of an account, with a hearing of the parties concerned, by proper officers or by persons appointed for that purpose, who compare the charges with the vouchers, examine witnesses and state the balance?" HALL knew perfectly well what duty this section of the law imposed upon him, but in the face of the law itself he says: "It was understood to be a legislative direction to pay off all claims aforesaid." By whom was it understood? Certainly not by the Legislature, because their language is explicit that the claims should be "audited" before they were paid. By whom, then, was it understood? By no others than the conspirators and the lobby, and who they were will never be known until all parties are put under oath, with the penalties of perjury staring them in the face.

The law having been passed, what then did HALL do? He called his colleagues, CONNOLLY and TWEED, to sit together in convention on these claims, and he, a lawyer of matured experience, with a service of fifteen years as District-Attorney, advised them, in defiance of their own common sense, that the law, to use his own words, "did not constitute them a Court of Claims, but simply a Ministerial Board for inspection and certification; that the liabilities were to be *paid* according to the extent and wording of the legislative mandate, and that the interpretation of the law made them ministerial agents of the Legislature to *pay off* the claims and liabilities"—and therefore, he says, he offered the following resolution, which he quotes in full:

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, May 5, 1870.

The undersigned meet as a Commission under and by virtue of section 4 of chapter 382 of the laws of 1870.

On motion of the Mayor, it is

*Resolved*, That the County Auditor collect from the appropriate Committees of the Board of Supervisors all bills and liabilities against the county incurred prior to April 26, 1870, and amounts due thereon; that the evidences of the same be the authorization for the same by the said Board, or its appropriate Committees on certificate of Clerk or President, and that thereupon the said County Auditor annex the vouchers to the appropriate blanks for our signature, as directed by the section aforesaid, and payment.

Signed by the officers named.

Who, then, was the moving spirit and zealous, eager advocate for the payment of GARVEY, INGERSOLL, KEYSER & Co.? Who called TWEED and CONNOLLY into convention? Who drafted the resolution for payment? Who moved the resolution, and advised his colleagues to vote for it? Was it CONNOLLY? Was it TWEED? No; it was HALL and HALL alone.

Now, what did this resolution require? It commanded WATSON, the County Auditor, not to audit, but "to collect" together all the claims he could find anywhere on the Board of Supervisors, not audited by that Board or by any other body, get a certificate indigned on them to be signed by TWEED, simply that the bills had been authorized by the Board, or by one of its committees, and then annex a voucher to all of them, to be signed by HALL, TWEED and CONNOLLY for payment. All this was done, and in one day, at a single sitting, the vouchers were signed and paid, without any other examination of the bills whatever, to the amount exceeding six millions of dollars. HALL and CONNOLLY both signed the warrants for their payment, and whether INGERSOLL & Co., to whom they were all specially indorsed, paid over any portion of the proceeds to TWEED, no one yet has been willing to reveal; and how much of the proceeds went to satisfy "the compromise of personal, official and political interests," which HALL says was the object of the law, will never be known until some one of the conspirators shall turn State's evidence.

And, in order to make the complicity of HALL in these frauds, if possible, more conclusive, we must add another item of evidence—from his message, under his own signature. It was not enough for him to wrest the law from its obvious intent and meaning, and to advise his colleagues to adopt his interpretation of it, but he gives as one of the reasons for his conduct, with shameless audacity, that "it was also *his official desire* to extinguish all debt legacies of the old County Government, large though they might be, so as not to incumber the operations of the new one." In other words—hear it, ye plundered citizens—your Mayor declares to you that he was actually anxious to pay these fraudulent claims out of your money; and he adds, by way of warning to you for the future, if he is permitted to remain in the Mayoralty, "that in view of the enlarged criticism made upon the payment of these liabilities, he is of opinion that he would feel compelled to perform at this time precisely the official services which he performed at the dates of the criticised warrants."

We ask our readers, therefore, whether we have not proved the assertion with which we commenced this article? Is it not clear to demonstration, unmistakably under his own signature, that HALL himself was the prime mover in the payments to INGERSOLL & Co., and that he "supervised and approved," "adopted and vindicated" all that CONNOLLY has done?

Who, then, in this community, after this demonstration, can be found so stupid as to say that CONNOLLY alone is guilty and that HALL is innocent? Who will not rather say that HALL is more guilty than either? The truth, at last, is now painfully evident, that HALL and CONNOLLY, TWEED and SWEENY are all rogues together, and that we shall have no security for property nor safety to life, until they all take the Rogue's March, to the joy of the people, to parts unknown.

### A Very Transparent Farce.

It only needed Mayor HALL'S letters to the Corporation Counsel to crown his reputation as an addle-headed blunderer. He cannot take another step which will render him more ridiculous; there is no silly evasion left for him to adopt which can render him more contemptible. He never was capable of understanding the force of honest public opinion, and he does not understand it now. He thought that well-substantiated charges of the grossest corruption would "blow over;" he thought that the people would applaud his treachery to an old associate; he thought that a public man, having a reputation to lose, would be willing to make the attempt to screen him from public indignation; he still thinks that the people believe him to be innocent, and he fondly imagines that the tax-payers will again be deceived by the professions of a man who, in three days, has twice eaten his own words, and who now invites the prosecution of the tools of an infamous system of plunder, while the principals remain unpunished. Mr. CONNOLLY is to retain his position, and Mr. GREEN will continue—in spite of Mayor HALL'S silly attempt to ignore him—to discharge, on behalf of the people, the functions of Deputy Controller. The Mayor has found that his threats and his attempted coercion were equally wasted, and he appears before the people in the humiliating position of having, for the basest purposes, tried to effect an illegal stretch of his authority. The further correspondence of HALL and O'GORMAN reads like a stupendous hoax. The Corporation Counsel may not be a very brilliant lawyer, but nobody will suspect him of having originated the extraordinary suggestion that the Ring tradesmen should be selected as the next scapegoats of the Ring. "Prosecute the rogues who presented 'extravagant' bills," is O'GORMAN'S advice to one of the rogues who connived at the frauds. "You are the prosecutor on behalf of the people," is the reply of HALL, who had evidently arranged the little comedy, "you can make a pretense of compelling INGERSOLL, GARVEY, KEYSER and the rest to disgorge, recognizing, of course, the unquestioned integrity of our mutual friend TWEED, and others who shall be nameless."

The Mayor has an exceedingly low estimate of public intelligence, if he imagines that this move will deceive anybody. He must know very well that the Corporation Counsel cannot move an inch in the matter without being compelled to recognize the fact, which everybody is already acquainted with, that INGERSOLL and his fellow-tradesmen could never have swindled the public without the aid and consent of greater thieves within the Ring. All the evidence against TWEED and his confederates did not disappear with the stolen vouchers. A prosecution conducted by receivers against thieves would not be so hollow a sham as these proceedings contemplated by the Ring against their tools. This latest device for eluding punishment, at which HALL clutches with all the energy of despair, can only have the effect of hastening his own ruin. It will not delay for a single moment the proceedings which are being taken to bring the chief offenders to justice. The single merit of the step is, that it will be found equally fatal to the men who have taken it, whether they advance or recede from it. To do either will put Mayor HALL in such a position that no other alternative but resignation will remain for him. For, if he abandon a resolution so ostentatiously announced, he will convict himself of such idiotic vacillation that his removal from office will become an imperative necessity, and should he bring INGERSOLL, GARVEY and KEYSER into a criminal Court, they will be compelled to make such revelations as will place the Mayor and his associates in the dock beside them. Probably this is what the Mayor means in his allusion to "such consequences as fall outside of duty's sphere."

The announcement made in an evening paper that SWEENY is willing to accept Mr. GREEN'S appointment, and has advised Mayor HALL to do the same, is only another trick designed to deceive the public. SWEENY has too much to fear from Mr. GREEN'S investigations to consent to that gentleman remaining in the Controller's office.

### Great Combination of Talent.

The fifteen editorial writers of the *Herald*—one-third European, as it proudly boasted the other day—have now all been set to work to raise a Chinese din about the position of its Ring friends. For months past it has been swearing by St. Andrew that there was "nothing in" the charges brought against its Tammany cronies. It has suddenly discovered that this move won't work, and consequently its fifteen writers are instructed to pound away on the drum, and try to get the ear of the public once more. Yesterday its galaxy of talent contrived to "get off" eight "editorials" on City affairs, of which the following is an accurate synopsis:

1. Mayor HALL is the greatest man in the world.
2. There will be a scrub race for the Presidency. Mayor HALL is the people's only hope.
3. Mr. CHARLES O'CONOR is a "muff," but the *Herald* is a great paper, and Mayor HALL directs it on all municipal questions.
4. Tippecanoe and Tyler, too—by the Eternal, as JACKSON said—"Mr. HALL is bound to put his foot upon it."—"The Mayor has solved the problem."—Suffer the public interests, so long as we can serve "everybody's friend," OAKEY HALL. N. B.—The NEW-YORK TIMES is a Communist journal.
5. Take the New-York *Herald*, and always vote for Mayor HALL.
6. Mr. HALL is the only honest man in the community, and the *Herald* is his mouth-piece. Support both. Don't read the NEW-YORK TIMES.
7. Give up the TIMES and take the *Herald*.
8. TILDEN, HAVEMEYER, GREEN, all are humbugs. Your best friend is HALL, and if you put your faith in him and the *Herald* you will be all right.

This is a perfectly fair abstract of the eight "editorials" which were dumped into the "intellectual department" of the *Herald* yesterday by its fifteen writers—one-third "European." It will be seen that the *Herald*, although it has dishonestly suppressed every particle of evidence against its Ring friends—so that its readers must wonder what on earth it means by talking about "astounding frauds," "damning revelations," &c.—is, at last aware, and is trying to make up by noise for its very late appearance in the field. It only comes at the eleventh hour, but it seems to make a tremendous uproar now, and to get HALL and SWEENY out of the clutches of justice if it can. It will have to give up this ruse, just as it had to abandon the "say-nothing-about-it-and-wait-till-it-blows-over" game—it will have to eat humble pie, and we daily expect a messenger from it to thank us for our friendly hints, and to offer us the present of half a dozen yachts or so for the trouble we have taken on its behalf.

### The One-Term Principle.

That eminent political economist and candidate for the Presidency, Mr. HORACE GREELEY, has written an article for the *Galaxy* on what he calls "The One-Term Principle." The article has apparently a mixed motive. It is partly intended to divert the advocates of civil service reform from the support of President GRANT for renomination, on the ground that the "top sprit" of the "upas tree" of the corruption of the civil service is the failure to impose that limitation. Whether Mr. GREELEY also meant to belittle the reform by limiting its scope to one point, we do not care to surmise. Whatever the purpose of the article, it has that effect, and the effect is very much to be deplored. If Mr. GREELEY'S conception of the range of that reform is confined to the necessity of awakening a public opinion against the re-election of Presidents, he has taken but a narrow view of the subject. It is unfortunate that a man to whom so many listen has not had something more instructive to say on a subject of such overwhelming importance.

Mr. GREELEY'S article is, as we have intimated, confused. But there is a very evident effort to show that the people look with disfavor on renominations to the Presidency, and that it is dangerous, from a partisan point of view, to encourage a President in accepting a renomination. Mr. GREELEY'S idea seems to be that the limitation to one term has grown to be a sort of custom which ought to be regarded. In this light may be interpreted his recent speech out West, when, after saying that if "it pleased his countrymen to advance him to any place of profit or honor, he would accept it for the good of his country," he went on to say, "we are making innovations and breaking time-honored customs in a way that bodes no good to our continued prosperity." But the custom of rejecting a President after one term has been more honored in the breach than in the observance. It is true that, since JACKSON'S day, which is the period to which our historian prudently limits, his researches, the people have rejected VAN BUREN, and that their respective parties have declined to renominate FILLMORE and PIERCE, while POLK and BUCHANAN did not seek re-election. But it is also true that of the six Presidents preceding JACKSON, four—WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, MADISON and MONROE—served a second term. Since JACKSON, the lamented LINCOLN was chosen a second time—though Mr. GREELEY, perhaps, is justified in passing lightly over the case of Mr. LINCOLN, whom he did all he could to prevent being re-chosen. Historians who write with what the French call a *parti pris*, are notoriously poor teachers of the philosophy of history, and Mr. GREELEY is no exception to the rule. There are unquestionably grave difficulties connected with the eligibility of our Chief Magistrate to re-election, but they are not the "root" of all the political corruption in the land, nor have they ever prevented the people from gladly, and on the whole very wisely, availing themselves of the discretion left with them by the Constitution. Hobbies are poor horses to ride to the White House on at best, and of all the hobbies that our amiable friend has mounted for that journey, we think the "One-Term Principle" is among the lamest, and is certainly ridden by him in the most awkward manner.

### "Tammany Republicans."

As the time for the State Convention draws near, the *Tribune* becomes more eager in its appeals to the Republicans of the interior to come to the rescue of the Tammany Republican Committee of this City, which, in spite of the advice of Mr. GREELEY, proposes to send a contesting delegation on a fruitless errand to Syracuse.

The *Tribune's* treatment of the Tammany thieves, whose plunder of the City Treasury it was so reluctant to credit, has been mild and even eulogistic when compared with its onslaughts upon those hapless Republicans who would not consent to join a faction which the *Tribune* had formerly denounced. Yesterday it devoted considerable space to an attack on at least three-fourths of the honest sincere Republicans of this City. If the *Tribune*, claiming to be a Republican paper, can afford to print such articles, those at whom its attacks are aimed can certainly afford to stand the libels.

When the *Tribune* undertakes to make the Republicans of the interior believe that the men composing the great bulk of the party in this City are mere tools of Mr. MURPHY, and that the Anti-Tammany organization, which has been formed here under the direction of the State Committee, is a mere Custom-house clique, it practices a gross deception upon its readers, at the same time it insults their common sense. If Mr. MURPHY is the wonderful being which the *Tribune's* statements would imply, he is certainly the greatest political organizer in this State, and ought to be accepted as the leader of the party. But Republicans here have no such extravagant opinion of his power and influence, and it is not at all likely that he is aware of it himself. Let us look at the men who, the *Tribune* says, are the "tools" of Mr. MURPHY, and are blindly following his lead to disorganize the party in this City. Passing over the State Committee, which, the *Tribune* informed us long ago, was merely his "pliant tool," let us come to the list of names elected night before last as delegates to the State Convention. Here are a few of the men whom the *Tribune* represents as "MURPHY'S tools," and whom it tells the "Republicans of the interior" are to constitute *his* delegation to the Convention:

Edwin D. Morgan, Geo. Opdyke, Jackson S. Schultz, Henry Clews, James R. Taylor, James Duncan, William Orton, Isaac H. Bailey, John Sedgwick, Erastus C. Benedict, Isaac Dayton, Gen. James H. Wilson, Theodore W. Dwight, James W. Farr, Henry Highland Garnet, James W. Booth, John J. Townsend, Hugh Gardner, Col. Joel W. Mason, Henry D. Lapaugh, Benj. K. Phelps, Louis Nanmann, Ethan Allen, and many more of the same stamp.

The *Tribune* knows full well that the entire crowd of Tammany Republicans in this City could not muster a tithe of the names of Republicans of character and standing given in the above list. Fortunately the list was published in the same number of the *Tribune* that contained the libel on the party in this City, and is of itself a complete refutation of the slander. "Republicans of the interior," whom the *Tribune* is so fond of invoking, will see from this list how utterly absurd are the statements with which that paper tries to deceive its readers. If they wish to know who constitute the Tammany Republican faction of this City, we can tell them. The nucleus, and in fact the bulk, of the faction consists of men whom the *Tribune* has denounced repeatedly within the last year as traitors, who have used their influence and position in the Republican Party to betray into the hands of Tammany Hall. Around this nucleus are gathered three classes of men, calling themselves Republicans:

*First*—The personal enemies of Collector MURPHY, who, enraged because they could not get all the patronage of the Custom-house for themselves and their friends. These men are continually talking about "MURPHY'S tools" and the "Custom-house clique."

*Second*—The enemies of Gen. GRANT and his administration—mostly disappointed office-seekers. Their denunciations of the Republican President, and the Administration generally, may be heard in season and out of season, and are more violent even than those of their rivals the Democrats.

*Third*—Partisans of Senator FENTON, who are trying to make use of the divisions here to promote the political interests, or gratify the supposed spite, of their chief against Senator CONKLING.

These are the kind of men who compose the Tammany Republican organization in this City, and who, through their organ the *Tribune*, are trying to persuade the Republicans of the interior to vote for their admission to the State Convention as representatives of the Republican Party of this City. Mr. GREELEY told them, when he consented to take the Chairmanship of their Committee, with a view, as he said, to bring about harmony, that they would not succeed in gaining admission, and we believe he was right.

### A Market for Long Island Farmers.

Under stress of the ill treatment they have received at the hands of the officials and commission men of this City, the farmers of Long Island are rising in rebellion. Those of them who reside in the vicinity of Springfield, recently met and resolved, after due notice, to bring no more produce to the New-York market, until suitable facilities were afforded them for its disposal. The market gardeners of Jamaica have followed suit, and the movement is spreading rapidly, so that it is likely to include all the farmers on the Island. The immediate cause for this revolt is that the truckmen have recently become so numerous as to blockade the streets in the vicinity of Washington Market, and materially interfere with the transaction of business in that section of the City. It became necessary, therefore, to issue orders forbidding them from congregating in West and the other streets in the immediate vicinity of the Market, but allowing them to stand in line in the streets leading from Broadway to the river. As store-keepers and business men in these streets complained that the stoppage of so many wagons in front of their stores interfered with the transaction of business, a subsequent order was issued preventing the truckmen from remaining even in these side streets later than 9 o'clock in the morning.

Driven from their foothold in New-York, the farmers have been forced to adopt strenuous measures, and have determined to cut off our supplies. Still, they will undoubtedly make a decided effort to obtain a suitable place to carry on their traffic in this City, but meanwhile, they intend petitioning the Brooklyn Common Council to grant them a stand where they may sell their products without interruption. There is so little space in the lower part of the City not occupied for business purposes, and markets already established there are so uncomfortably overcrowded, that it is difficult to see what can be done here for the accommodation of these discontented Long Islanders. We want their vegetables most undoubtedly, but we can do nothing which will increase the nuisances already clustering around Fulton, Washington, and the other down-town Markets. Up-town, as at the foot of Thirty-fourth-street and North River, and in other desirable localities, private enterprise is endeavoring to meet the imperative demand for increased market space, but there is not the same chance in this section of the City.

Brooklyn will soon be able to supply New-York with the additional dockage which is required for her shipping, and so it may prove as regards her markets. There is ample room over there, near Wallabout Bay, for the establishment of a market extensive enough to meet the present and prospective wants of a large section of this City, and of Brooklyn, too, while the farmers over the river are beginning to think that perhaps they can dispose of their goods just as well without crossing the ferries. The completion of the East River Bridge, and the establishment of a ferry from some point near the market to one of the principal up-town streets, would make this Wallabout Market quite as convenient to most City dealers as the large down-town ones now are. An East River ferry from Brooklyn to the foot of Twenty-third or Thirty-fourth streets is much needed, and is likely to be established when the Grand Union Railroad Depot on Fourth-avenue gets fairly in operation, as a convenience for Brooklyn travelers. A Wallabout Market seems the most satisfactory solution of the difficulties of the Long Island farmers, and at the same time would be very advantageous to Brooklyn, without working any detriment to this City. There are butchers enough on Manhattan Island and in New-Jersey to fill the markets already established here, and, as has been shown, large dealers will ultimately be able to purchase as advantageously in Brooklyn as in this City. If sufficient market space can not be obtained in the lower part of this City, let us have it in Brooklyn by all means.

## MINOR TOPICS.

The Committee of Seventy, at their meeting yesterday, cordially indorsed the appointment of Mr. ANDREW H. GREEN as Deputy Controller, and conveyed to him an assurance of their esteem and confidence, and a promise of all the support they could afford him in his trying position. They probably had not read in the *Herald* that Mr. GREEN is "no better than ninety-nine out of a hundred of the other Tammany place-men." They also call on all good citizens to give Mr. GREEN their moral support. They could not have read the *Herald's* lucid exposure of Mr. GREEN'S utter lack of title to his position, and of the "proverbial looseness" of Mr. O'CONOR'S legal opinions. If they had, they would have hesitated before committing themselves in opposition to the *Herald's* stupendous legal "prestire."

Hon. WM. S. GROESBECK is a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination. On the 12th inst. he made a speech at Steubenville, Ohio, in which he upset the Democratic platform on the currency question without ceremony. To make amends for this, he launched the following bit of political satyrany:

"Many of you will remember when the party now in power endeavored to disfranchise our foreign-born population. It succeeded for a time, but Democracy at last triumphed, and saved the political rights of our foreign-born."

The Republican Party was established at the formation on the doctrine of equal rights for all men, without reference to race or other condition. It has never swerved a hair's breadth from that position. The party which sought to proscribe foreigners—the Know-nothing—has contributed very many leaders to the Democracy, notably in this State. Among them are OAKEY HALL and Mr. BROOKS, of the *Express*, and these men are now no more obnoxious to exhibit in their views than they were in their "Native American" days. But the Republican Party is now, as it has always been, staunch in the support of government by the whole people, for the whole people.

It is evident that the minor Democratic journals, such as the New-York *Express* and the Albany *Argus*, which struck to the defense of the Ring to the last moment, now feel, since the Ring is broken, very much bewildered as to what course they should pursue. They wander backward and forward, now muttering a few words about the necessity for a "thorough investigation," now prating of "best opportunities," and now of "consulting the party leaders in the Metropolis." The *Argus*, moreover, is getting ready for an exit. It winds up its last article on the "Situation in New-York" with an allusion to "the cause of good government in which we are now all enlisted." If the *Argus* has come to that, it might as well put up the shutters. Its business is closed.

Railway directors may get a valuable hint from a sketch in the Berlin *Kladderadatsch*, the German *Punch*. It represents a Senator in "no casualties for railroad travelers" offering a tourist an immense coat of triple-wadded armor, impenetrably quilted up, and supplemented by a cork leg and a crutch. By its side is a trunk, with regular buffers on each end. Through the window, the traveler sees a locomotive on the track, its smoke-pipe appropriately surrounded by a death's head. The scene is as suggestive as if it were drawn from some point near by the depot of the Eastern Railway of Massachusetts.

The debate in the French Assembly on removing the capital permanently from Paris seems to have ended in smoke. M. LOUIS BLANC has gone strongly against the bill, saying, shrewdly enough, among other things, that the existing authorities ought not to put it in the power of conspirators to say to Paris, "They wished to make Paris a provincial town; we restore you to the rank of capital." M. LEON SAY, the Prefect of the Seine, was likewise eloquent on the same side, and the last rumor is, that the Government will adopt an amendment by M. DE PEYRAMOND, the effect of which will be to leave the matter undecided. It would be very easy for a Republican Assembly to offend Paris just now, and, in that case, it might not be very difficult for the Imperialists to negotiate her.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### About the Theatres.

AFFAIRS AT BOOTH'S.

With the present week Miss LOTTA'S engagement at Booth's will terminate. She acted, Monday, in "The Little Detective," which does not solicit attention as a new play, but was then brought out for the first time this season. Miss LOTTA fills six different characters in "The Little Detective," &c., to speak with more precision, wears six different dresses; for the young lady is utterly incapable of concealing her charming personality except by a change of garb. As already announced, Miss CUSHMAN and Mr. CRESWICK succeed her on Monday next.

WALLACK'S.

With this week the performances of Miss LYDIA THOMPSON and her company end at Wallack's Theatre. "Blue Beard" was reproduced yesterday, and remains upon the bills until Friday, when an entertainment, rich in attractiveness, is to bring together the admirers of Miss THOMPSON—or rather, as many of them as can be stowed in the auditorium of the house—on the occasion of the benefit-night of that lady.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

Miss LUCILLE WESTERN is filling an engagement at Wood's Museum, and now impresses the very large proportion of play-goers whose emotions are usually swayed by her acting, in "Leah, the Forsaken." Neither the artist nor the play requires introduction. Miss WESTERN'S pleasure at *Leah* is pursued in the strong colors for which her dramatic gallery is conspicuous, and if it is not notable for the finish of Miss BATEMAN'S, or the power of Mme. JANAUSCHEK'S, it can at least be spoken of as theatrically forceful in no ordinary degree.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

The entertainment at the new Union-square Theatre has been cleverly prepared upon its first rehearsal, and it now embraces as much variety and novelty as could be desired. When the YOKES family are at hand, there is little doubt that Mr. BUTLER'S establishment will be a centre of attraction for weeks. Meanwhile, her company interpret a bill in which vocal and instrumental solos, burlesque and very neat dancing are included, and such a thing as sweet is really banished from the house from 5 o'clock in the evening until close upon midnight.

### Musical.

THE MOULTON CONCERTS.

The appearance of Mrs. CHARLES R. MOULTON in the concert-room will positively occur on Oct. 16. The debut in public of the lady, was looked for a year or two ago, after a private performance had produced a profound impression. Expectation, however, was then disappointed, and Mrs. MOULTON returned to France, where she was heard in entertainments for charitable purposes, and at the Tuileries Palace, and at Compiègne, until the Empire fell. We have reason to believe that the accession of Mrs. MOULTON to the ranks of the song-dressers now before the public will be an important one. Mrs. MOULTON has an art-education and experience not exceeded in extent or quality by those of the leading professional songstresses of the day. She will sing, of course, at Steinway Hall.

THE VIENNA ORCHESTRA.

With the exception of Thursday night, when the Vienna Orchestra is to be heard in Brooklyn, Mr. HULLMANN'S company appears at Steinway Hall until the close of this week. The spectacle is a curious one, and much of the music by the orchestra is cleverly recited, though it has too little body, so to speak, to be at all admirable. Miss ELLEN sings as usual, and the superb voice of Mr. MUELLER causes one to anticipate with regret the baritone's departure on a Winter tour.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' concerts end on Saturday night. We believe it is true that music will be had at the Central Park Garden throughout the winter, but we cannot hope that it will be of the same order, or that the interpretation will be of the same quality. If Mr. THOMAS' orchestra made this City their abiding place there would be no occasion to read with envy the accounts of instrumental recitals in Paris and London. A more complete and skilled force of musicians has never been assembled under a more ambitious and meritorious object.

NEWCOMB & ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS.

Our up-town readers, on whom minstrelsy has not lost its influence, will find no warmer or more clever representatives of that branch of public entertainments than among Messrs. NEWCOMB & ARLINGTON'S company. The new opera house is bright and comfortable, the programme as comprehensive and as varied as an ars whack, to be candid, is in its decline, can supply, and the performers are numerous and skilled. The preface of songs, the after-chapters of banjo solos and dances, and the epilogue of burlesque can nowhere be read with more cheery surroundings.

PERSONAL.

Mr. GEORGE W. COLBY returned to this City Sunday by the *Oceanus*....Mr. WEBB is expected Monday by the *City of Brooklyn*....Miss CLARA DORIA and Mr. ANSELL COOK and wife, all of the Parepa-Rosa English opera troupe, arrived by the *City of London* day before yesterday.

# POLITICAL.

## CALIFORNIA.

**Contested Returns of the Election—The Vote for Governor and Completeness of the Legislature—The Chinese.**

The Sacramento *Union* of the 13th inst. gives corrected returns from forty-five counties in California, of which twenty give BOOTH majorities aggregating 5,702, and twenty-five give HAIGHT majorities aggregating 4,366. Thus HAIGHT BOOTH 4,676 ahead. These were yet five counties from which no returns, or next to none, had been received. In these counties GRAHAM, in 1869, had majorities aggregating 854 and SEYMOUR, in '68, BOOTH 1,000. As well as GRAHAM did in these five counties, they will add 360 to his present majority, and bring him out 5,036 ahead in the State.

The Union figures up the Assemblymen elect, so far as heard from, at 39 Republicans, 18 Democrats, and 1 Independent. The Senate is almost certainly Democratic by two majority. Thus the Democrats, by fusing on the Governorship and its results, gives the following:

"A very important question is the treatment of the Chinese, who are now employed extensively in the work of the grain-fields, vineyards, orchards, berry patches, kitchen gardens, sole exclamation, railroad and wagon-road building, and factories of various kinds. They are employed by men of both parties, and are patronized directly and indirectly by all classes of our white population, to whose business, as now conducted, they are indispensable. The two plausible reasons Chinese immigration is similar terms, but many of the Democratic politicians will be forced to accept sudden all the Chinese now in the country, whereas the Republicans favor a more humane policy. We do not anticipate any speedy reduction in the number of our Asiatic laborers."

## NEW-YORK STATE.

**The Election of Delegates in the First Assembly District in Oneida County.**

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 19.—The statement in the New-York *Tribune* that there was any irregularity in the election of Senator CONKLING, E. A. BAKER and ELI AVERY as delegates from the First Assembly District of Oneida County to the Republican State Convention, is false. Although the Convention was interrupted by some rowdies hired for that purpose by an agent of Tammany Hall, Mr. CONKLING and his colleagues were duly and regularly elected delegates. The alleged election of contestants is an entire sham.

The Utica *Herald* of Monday morning commends the voters' action as unreasonable, and says:

"The clear majority of the regularly chosen delegates to the District Convention favored the election of Senator CONKLING as delegate, and if he could be elected. The Fifth Ward delegates in opposition to him as regular. The pretended contest in the other Wards is an afterthought for mischief. The regular Convention, although disturbed in its proceedings, carried on its business in form, and in the delegates and its organization must be accepted as the regular. The claim of those who withdrew from the Convention are not sensible and cannot be sustained by those who recognize the binding authority of party organization and the right of a majority of delegates duly elected to control the action of a Convention. We regret profoundly the whole unfortunate affair, as is manifested by its except the success of the Republican Party. The adherents of Tammany chuckle over it, and have doubtless in every way contributed to it. The Republicans of the district by a strong majority deprecate every element and movement disturbing the harmony of the party."

**Republican County Convention at Rome, N. Y.**

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 19.—At the Republican County Convention held in Rome, today, Hon. G. S. LOOMIS, of Utica, was nominated for State Senator; Hon. A. H. BAILEY, of Rome, for County Judge; J. S. AVERY, of Clinton, for Surrogate, and D. C. STODDARD, of Utica, for District-Attorney. Strong resolutions were unanimously adopted, indorsing the Administration of Gen. GRANT, the course of Senator CONKLING, and the record of Congressman ROBERTS. The entire proceedings were harmonious.

**Address of the Young Men's Republican Association.**

The Executive Committee of the Young Men's Republican State Association, of which Hon. G. HILTON SCRIBNER is President, have just issued the following address:

*To the Republicans of the State of New-York:*

An election of momentous importance is approaching, and the time for preparation is already at hand. Recent events, including the frightful disclosures of municipal corruption, have revealed to the people the dangerous tendency of party rule, and have aroused a public sentiment which must prevent its further grasp. Never was the success of a party more important to the welfare of the whole State; as a Republican triumph presents the only means of the reform so loudly called for. The people are fully alive to this cause of haste, and the result is only made doubtful by a lack of harmony in our own ranks. At this time, when the enemy is in full retreat, and a united front to the enemy, there is danger of our strength being frittered away by the senseless strife between the partisans of rival leaders, and by the efforts of those who would prematurely force a discussion of the claims of Presidential candidates upon the people this year. The great body of the Republican Party has no sympathy with and takes no interest in these divisions, which are fostered and directed by a comparatively small number of professional politicians in the various counties of the State.

Upon the approaching State Convention really depends the result of the campaign. If well conducted and harmonious; if it be true to the party as a whole, and not to a section of it; if it judiciously reconciles conflicting interests, and presents a ticket of undoubted worth, and acceptable to all, victory is sure. But that this end may be accomplished, the delegates composing it must be men of commanding character, of patriotism and large ability. We call, therefore, upon each of the masses of the party, personally to attend the primary meetings and district conventions, and to see that none are elected as delegates to this State Convention but those who are sterling stepubleans—not distinctively German men, Jersey men, Cobbling men, or Fenian men—but Republicans, adhering to political allegiance save to the party at large by reason of character, influence, and ability, having no personal ends to serve, and no object to attain but the welfare and success of Republican principles. With a Convention formed of such materials, wise counsels will prevail, harmony be established, and success at the polls be assured.

**Delegates to the Republican State Convention.**

The following delegates to the Republican State Convention have been chosen from the counties and districts named:

MONROE.—First District—Joseph A. Shull, (3d) Bart G. Childs, Jonn McGill. Second District—J. M. DAVY, Thomas C. Montgomery, James Shephard.

CHEMUNG.—Samuel C. Taber, E. P. Brooks, David B. Sweet.

CAYUGA.—Second District—John S. Fowler, A. L. Sisson, John B. Strong, R. A. Fordyce.

WILLIAMSPORT.—W. Gillis, P. H. Shields, W. D. Brennan.

SARATOGA.—First District—John B. McLean, George H. Stewart, William Buckwell.

MADISON, Second District.—Henry Ten Eyck, J. E. Messenger, Leonard C. Vilham.

OSWEGO, Third District.—Chauncey Sage, A. S. Warney, James. W. Fenton.

**The Attorney-General.**

The most important of the State nominations to be made by the Republican Party this Fall is that of the Attorney-General. Upon the gentleman elected to this office will devolve the delicate and formidable duty of proceeding by civil action, and criminal process against the corrupt members of the Tammany Ring, so that the public funds illegally appropriated by the rulers of this City and their confederates may be restored to the Treasury and the guilty parties punished. This is work which cannot not to be intrusted to any mere politician. A lawyer of ability must be selected—one who is above all reproach, who is familiar by practice with the criminal law of the State, and who is of known reputation and tact. If the selection of the party falls upon a gentleman possessed of these several qualifications, he would be a power among the rebels. Such considerations, an officer is being made to induce the present District-Attorney of Orange County, Mr. STEPHEN W. FULLERTON, to accept the nomination. Mr. FULLERTON is one of the ablest lawyers practicing in the Second Judicial District, and was selected by Mr. FOLEY as his counsel, along with Judge VANDERPOEL and Mr. STRAHAN, in the injunction proceedings against the City and County of New-York.

**Call for a Catholic State Temperance Convention.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1871.

*To the Reverend Clergy and Officers of Father Mathew and other Catholic Temperance Organizations in the State of New-York:*

The great benefits resulting from the formation of the Father Mathew and other temperance societies, in checking the great evil, intemperance, encourage us to make an effort to extend the influence of these organizations. We would, therefore, respectfully request the officers from each of the above mentioned societies of this State to appoint, that we may learn our strength, compare the rules and laws whereby we are governed, and counsel together as the best means of accomplishing the grand object for which we labor.

One year ago, a few of the societies in the central part of the State, met in this City to celebrate the anniversary of the birth of the great apostle of temperance, and then organized a temporary State society, with the following-named gentlemen as officers: President—Rev. Dr. O'HARA, Syracuse, N. Y.; Vice-President—Dr. Reynolds, Oswego, N. Y.; Treasurer—James F. Farrell, Skaneateles, N. Y.; Secretary—T. Sullivan, Syracuse, N. Y.; Corresponding Secretary—P. Phelan, Syracuse, N. Y.

The above-named officers were duly instructed to call a State Temperance Convention, and in accordance therewith we hereby respectfully invite two or more delegates from each of said societies in the State to meet at Shakspeare Hall, Syracuse, N. Y., on Tuesday, Oct. 10, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., the anniversary of the birth of the great apostle of temperance, Father MATHEW, and to form a permanent State temperance society. We would, in the interim, request the secretaries of each organization to return us the names of their respective societies, the names of their officers, and the number of their members.

J. A. O'HARA, D.D., President.
T. SULLIVAN, Secretary.

**The National Guard—Letter from Senator Weston.**

Col. WILLIAM S. BULL, of the Independent Battalion N. G. S. N. Y., of Buffalo, has promulgated in a general order, which is published in the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, the following letter, with the explanation that it was received too late to be read at their recent encampment at Beaver Point, Chautauqua Lake:

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 12, 1871.
*Col. Wm. S. Bull, Commanding Independent Battalion, Buffalo:*

MY DEAR SIR: I shall be detained in the West beyond the period of your encampment on our beautiful lake. I greatly regret that I cannot be there to welcome you, to visit with you, and witness your good—I feel sure it will be good—military display. I have for many years felt a deep interest in the organization and maintenance of the militia, the effective military force in our State. During the period that I was Governor I omitted no proper opportunity to press upon the attention of the Legislature and our citizens the importance of a well-regulated citizen-soldiery in the more populous districts of the commonwealth. Our common experience shows that the benefits of such a military body cannot be too highly estimated. The result is an intelligent people a complete militia system enlists upon the side of law and order a large number of the best citizens, and creates an organized force of sufficient strength to discourage or repel outbreaks against the peace and quiet of society. Besides, it tends to keep bright the chastened memories of the nation's triumphs, and excites more exalted feelings of personal responsibility to the Government. It is unwise, however, as well as impracticable, to organize the whole arms-bearing population. On the other hand, we could not create a class militia without making distinctions opposed to the genius of our institutions. It is a source of pride, therefore, that time, to our own National Guard organization and militia system is the best solution of the question yet found in any of the States. Its patriotic character and good discipline has already deservedly attained high reputation.

Congratulating your command, I beg you all to accept my cordial thanks for the pleasure of your visit to Chautauqua County, with the sentiment that in the future, as in the past, whatever I can do to promote the welfare of, and strengthen, our "National Guard," will cheerfully be done. Very truly yours,

R. E. FENTON.

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

**Lieut.-Gov. Ransier's Letter Opposing Martial Law.**

The letter of Lieut.-Gov. RANSIER, of South Carolina, opposing the declaration of martial law in any of the counties of that State, is signed by him as Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. He admits that unpardonable outrages have been perpetrated in many counties, and that, however the good-meaning and well-disposed of both political parties in the State may disconnenance and condemn them, they have not yet ceased. But he says he opposes a declaration of martial law even in a few counties, because, first, he believes the civil power to be amply sufficient, at least under the provisions of the Ku-klux law, to cope with the evil; second, because it would be a source of constant irritation, and would widen the breach and embitter the feelings between the two classes of the people, thus doing an immense public harm; third, because it would, in his opinion, be a great card for the Democratic Party in the next Presidential election; and fourth, because it would seem to argue the failure of reconstruction, so far, at least, as the fitness of the colored man for citizenship and self-government is concerned, he being in the majority in the State. His conclusion is:

"I may remark that I have no pet scheme of my own, but would say that if the State Administration will do its duty; the United States officers, under the Ku-klux act of Congress, theirs; the influential men outside the Republican Party, theirs, by condemning, in unmistakable terms, these outrages which we suffer, and the Republican Party shall hear from official pulpits those who may be proven to have acted in a manner discreditable to a public officer, and thereby abused the public confidence, and those who from whatever cause may be unfit for the positions they fill, then we shall have peace and a strong Government, willing and able to protect the humblest citizen, without discriminating against any class, and trust we shall be satisfied to manage our own affairs."

**Maryland Politics—Acceptance of Hon. Jacob Tome.**

Hon. JACOB TOME has written the following letter, accepting the Republican nomination for Governor of Maryland:

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., Sept. 16, 1871.

*Hon. C. C. Fulton and others, Committee:*

GENTLEMEN: I am in receipt of your favor of 28th inst., informing me of the action of the Republican Convention held on the 13th inst., wherein I am officially informed that I have been unanimously selected as the candidate of the Republican Party for Governor of the State of Maryland. In accepting the distinguished honor conferred upon me by so large and influential a body of my fellow-citizens, I am so aware of the duty and responsibility which I assume by position, and also of the apparently heavy odds we are called upon to overcome. Trusting in the righteousness of our cause and the intelligence of the good people of Maryland, I enter into the contest with the firm belief that we shall come out victorious. I have no pledges to make, excepting to refer to my past record, and to redeem any promise you, if elected, to use all the power I possess in restoring and encouraging the industry and education of the people, and in husbanding the resources of the State, considering only the welfare of all the citizens of the Commonwealth.

I am, very truly, yours, J. TOME.

## LOCAL POLITICS.

**Twentieth Ward O'Brien Association.**

The numerous friends of Ex-Sheriff O'BRIEN in the Twentieth Ward rallied at No. 413 West Thirty-ninth street last evening, and formed an O'Brien Association. The following is a list of the officers elected: President, WM. MOTHERSILL; Vice-President, John O'Gorman; Secretary, James J. Hackett; Treasurer, Nathaniel J. Hackett; Sergeant-at-Arms, Wm. Kearns. A stirring address was made by Mr. THOMAS FEELY, of the Eighteenth Ward, who indignantly denounced SWEENY and HALL as unworthy to hold positions of public trust, on account of their corrupt practices. He strongly advocated the election of Ex-Sheriff O'BRIEN to State Senator, speaking of him as a noble, charitable and honest young man.

**Local Political Brevities.**

The Twentieth Ward admirers of PATRICK LOGAN, the dismissed Policeman, last evening organized a Club No. 4, bearing his name, for the purpose of working in his interest in his candidature for Assembly.

A regular meeting of the James O'Brien Central Organization of the Twentieth Ward was held last evening at No. 436 West Thirty-first street. The business of the evening was the election of officers for the ensuing half year.

At a meeting of the Second Assembly District Republican Convention, Queens County, held at Jamaica, yesterday, a resolution offered by Mr. J. B. COOPER, indorsing the administration of President GRANT, was unanimously adopted.

The Ninth Ward James O'Brien Association met last evening, in Jefferson Hall, Hudson street. Speeches were made, denunciatory of the "Ring," and advocating the union of all Democratic organizations in the City in an effort to subvert the rule of Tammany Hall.

The Ninth Ward German Democratic Association met last evening at No. 601 Hudson street, and resolved to take such action in connection with all other Democratic organizations that would unite therefor, as would be most likely to secure the honest Democratic administration of the City Government.

The Nachtmann Central Club of the Sixth Senatorial District met last evening in Concordia Hall. Delegates were present from the Tenth, Eleventh and Seventeenth Wards. Speeches were delivered by Major OBERMANN, Col. GUTH, S. SCHREINEMULLER and others in support of Mr. MACKENZIE'S candidature.

The Republican electors of the several towns of Queens County, comprising the First and Second Assembly Districts, held their primaries on Monday evening last, and chose delegates to the District Conventions held at Jamaica yesterday, and the one to be held at Roslyn today. Supporters of Gen. GRANT elected their delegates by a large majority, and passed resolutions criticising Tammany Hall, and expressing their confidence in the present Administration.

A meeting of the German Americans of the Twentieth Assembly District was held last night at No. 200 Third avenue, Dr. JOHN SCHMIDT, President. A series of resolutions were passed denouncing the frauds of the City Government, and calling upon the Germans to act as a unit at the coming election. They determined upon holding a mass-meeting next month.

A meeting of the German American Association of the Nineteenth Ward was held last night, CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ acting as President. Major PHELAN P. SMITH presented the draft of a constitution and by-laws, which were adopted. A committee was appointed to confer with other organizations in the Senatorial Districts to make preparations for having a grand mass-meeting. Five delegates were also appointed to attend a meeting of the State organization.

The Central O'Donovan Rossa Club held a meeting last evening. Arrangements were made for the organization of O'Donovan Rossa Clubs in every Ward of the City. The Chairman reported that the prospects of Mr. ROSSA's success were looking brighter every day. Mr. ROSSA, he said, would not identify himself with any political party or faction, but would run as an independent candidate for Register. He also intimated that the St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance Association would support ROSSA.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY is a delegate to the Minnesota Republican State Convention.

The Republicans of Boston will elect their delegates to the State and other Conventions tomorrow.

In a vote for the adoption of a new Constitution for the State of Nebraska, yesterday, twenty-six prominent points in the State heard from show a majority of 1,979 against its adoption.

Mr. FRANCIS HYATT, of the town of Fenner, has been nominated for the Assembly by the Republicans of the Second District of Madison County. He represented the district in 1860.

Hon. A. B. BAKER and Mr. JOHN TRACEY are the prominent candidates for the Democratic nomination for Senator in Albany County. The Convention is to be held in New-Salem on Thursday.

There is now no doubt of the election of Hon. JOHN M. COGHLAN, the Republican candidate to Congress in the Third District of California. He ran ahead of his ticket in several counties.

The Chemung County Republican Convention, by its election of a delegate to the Judicial Convention, gave expression in favor of the nomination of Hon. GABRIEL L. SMITH for Justice of the Supreme Court.

The Boston *Journal*, rather obscurely says that the speech of Gen. BUTLER at Lawrence, on Saturday evening, would have been hailed with delight in Paris, when the madness of the most intense Communists ruled the hour.

The revenue reformers and their allies in Ohio are said to be engineering a movement looking to the election to the United States Senate of FREDERICK HASSAURAK, editor of the Cincinnati *Volks Blatt*, as representing the German Republican Reform interest.

The official vote of San Francisco for Congressman shows the following result: S. O. HOUGHTON, Republican, 12,919; LAWRENCE ARCHER, Democrat, 11,046; Republican majority, 1,873. At the last Congressional election the Democrats had 1,800 majority.

The Boston *Traveller* says if Gen. BUTLER receives the Republican nomination in Worcester the result will be due, in a great measure, to the folly of his enemies. And the *Traveller* thinks his "enemies" ought to unite on Dr. LORING, and says they can defeat Gen. BUTLER in the Convention in no other way.

The new State Government of California comes into power on the first Monday in December next. The Legislature will assemble on that day, and Gov. NEWTON BOOTH will begin his four years' term. It has generally been erroneously supposed that the political year began in California in January.

A letter from a friend of Col. MCCOOK, received by Senator THURMAN, informs him that the Ohio Democratic candidate for Governor, has regained, by four weeks of rest and the magic sea-air at Long Branch, his former elasticity of step, and clearness of memory and utterance.

One of the Democratic papers of New-Jersey denies a current report to the effect that Hon. JOEL PARKER'S reluctance to accept the Democratic nomination for Governor was overcome by the offer of certain persons to supplement his salary while in office by $10,000 per annum.

The Elmira *Advertiser* alludes favorably to a suggestion that Hon. ALFRED E. ELLSWORTH, of this City, be nominated for the office of Secretary of State, and says that it will deem it a fortunate thing if a man of so high personal and political standing, large acquaintance in the State, and peculiar qualifications for the office, shall be placed on the ticket by the Convention.

Eight Republican members of the New-Jersey Senate hold over, and the Republicans will need to elect but three members this Fall to secure a majority. Seven counties will elect new members, and five of these last year gave decisive Republican majorities. Four of them at least are regarded as certainly Republican this year.

Gen. BANKS will not return home in season to preside over the Massachusetts Republican State Convention, and the State Central Committee will, therefore, invite Gov. BOUTWELL to preside. Should he decline, it is said they will offer the position to Mr. JAMES B. CLARK, of Charlestown. The Springfield *Republican* refuses to be comforted, regarding the selection as deplorable.

Gov. WARMOTH, of Louisiana, has refused to accept Mr. JOHN A. WALSH'S challenge, for three reasons, either one of which is sufficient, but he says he is ready to submit the question between them to impartial persons, or to the Courts of the State, whose doors are always opened at the knock of men fancying themselves suffering from wounded honor.

Hon. ALEXANDER H. RANDALL has accepted the Republican nomination for Attorney-General of Wisconsin, and in his letter cordially commends the wise, faithful and economical administration of President GRANT. Hon. LAWRENCE J. BARNGLE has accepted the Republican nomination for Controller of the Treasury of the same State.

The Republican State Convention of Illinois meets at Springfield, today, to nominate a candidate for Congressman at Large. There is no other office to be filled by general election this year. The several counties have instructed their delegates to vote for Ex-Gov. OGLESBY for the nomination, notwithstanding his letter declaring that he would not be a candidate.

Republicans of Hudson present the name of SILAS W. TOBEY, of that city, for the office of Inspector of State Prisons. Columbia County, they say, has never had a candidate on the Republican State ticket. Mr. TOBEY is a practical mechanic, and an energetic and successful business man. He was a one time Treasurer of Columbia County, and acquired the reputation of being a prompt and efficient public officer.

The returns of the Maine election are in from all but twenty-two small towns, and give Gov. PERHAM a majority of 10,822 in a total vote of 105,582, an increase of 5,781 over the aggregate last year, and a Republican gain of 2,695. Twenty-five Republican Senators have been elected, and five Democrats, a Democratic gain of two. The House will stand 111 Republicans, thirty-nine Democrats, and one Independent, with one district yet to be heard from.

Of the candidates in California for the United States Senate, the San Francisco *Chronicle* speaks thus: "The Sacramento *Union* evidently favors Congressman A. A. SARGENT. COLE is confident of an easy victory. PHELPS hasn't any more show than he had for Governor. JOHN B. FELTON is quietly surveying the situation. If he concludes to take a hand, the fight will be really interesting."

The Republicans of the Second District of Cayuga County have nominated ELIJAH M. BROWN for the Assembly. He is a farmer who has been prominently connected with the affairs of his own town, Niles, as well as his district at large, for many years. He enjoys the confidence of his neighbors in the highest degree, and, the Auburn *Advertiser* says, possesses the necessary qualifications of a good official, being honest, capable and energetic.

The Texas Legislature reassembled in the State Capitol at Austin on the 12th inst. The Senate lacked one of a quorum, and adjourned until the next day. During the day two additional Senators arrived in town. There were sixty-five members of the House present—five more than a quorum. The advocates of a general State election this Fall claim fifty-one votes in the House for it. Twenty of these are Republicans.

Gov. DAVIS has issued another order to secure a fair and peaceable election in Texas, instructing Registrars and Judges more clearly as to their powers and duties, and providing for the appointment of a well-known and respectable citizen of each party at every voting place, who shall be permitted to be present in the room where the election is going on, and remain during its entire progress and the counting of the votes.

Republicans in Western Massachusetts, as a class, favor the nomination of Hon. WILLIAM B. WASHBURN. Those in the eastern counties, where they oppose BUTLER, are divided between Dr. LORING and Mr. HIGH. Dr. LORING claims and professes to know certainly, that a considerable number of the delegates reported for BUTLER are for him, and were chosen to support him. Congressman DAWES is coming home from the West this week, and will throw his influence in favor of the nomination of Mr. WASHBURN.

The New-Orleans *Times* says that within the $25,000,000 limit, prescribed by the amendment to the State Constitution, the credit of Louisiana will be firmly maintained. The bonds which have been issued are all covered by that amendment, and, the *Times* promises, they shall be paid, principal and interest. But beyond these, and for all bonds which may be issued in excess of the constitutional limitation, there will be no legal or moral liability on the part of the State and people.

Major BUNDY, in last evening's *Mail*, says he has been surprised by his selection as one of the delegates-chosen at the meeting at Apollo Hall, on Monday night, to attend the Republican State Convention next month, and adds that while he is grateful for the intended honor, he desires publicly to say that he will have nothing to do with either one of the contending organizations of the Republican Party in this City, while each of them contains many men with whom it would be an honor to be associated.

## OBITUARY.

**George Alexander Hamilton.**

A London cable telegram announces that GEORGE ALEXANDER HAMILTON, permanent Secretary of the Treasury under the Government of the Earl of DERBY, died on Monday, at his residence at Dalbriggan in the County of Dublin.

GEORGE ALEXANDER HAMILTON was born at Tyrella House, County Down, Ireland, Aug. 26, 1802, and he was educated at Rugby and Trinity College, Oxford. Mr. HAMILTON entered the political field early in life, being a candidate in the Conservative interest, at the age of twenty-four, in the County of Dublin. The election contest lasted fourteen days, and resulted in his defeat by a small majority. Undismayed by his non-success, Mr. HAMILTON again contested that county in 1830 and 1831, being each time defeated. In 1835 he was invited to present his name for the City of Dublin against DANIEL O'CONNELL, the great agitator, then in the very zenith of his fame and power. Despite the odds against him, Mr. HAMILTON offered himself as a candidate "in opposition to Mr. O'CONNELL and Mr. O'CONNELL'S principles." Though again defeated at the polls, the indefatigable candidate for Parliamentary honors succeeded in entering the House by unseating O'CONNELL on formal petition. The investigation in the petition created great excitement throughout Ireland, and the length of time occupied by the Committee was unexampled in the annals of election petitions, as the proceedings lasted more than a year. In 1832, Mr. HAMILTON attracted considerable public attention by proposing—the celebrated Dr. BLYTHE being the seconder—of the formation of the Conservative Society for Ireland. His speech on that occasion, and his advocacy of the cause in the discussions which followed, produced a strong impression on the public mind, then greatly excited, and his eloquence and persuasion were so conspicuous, that in the course of a few months the great majority of the nobility and leading men of Ireland enrolled themselves in the new Society, which in later years formed the rallying point for the great Conservative Party after the successful passage of the Reform bill. In 1837, Mr. HAMILTON again contested the City of Dublin and was defeated. He did not reenter Parliament until 1842, when he was returned for the University of Dublin, and he continued one of the members of that important constituency till 1859, when he retired as permanent Secretary of the Treasury. During 1852 and 1858—the first and second administrations of Earl DERBY—he was the Financial Secretary to the Treasury.

In after life Mr. HAMILTON became Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Dublin, but he took no very prominent part in politics, though he was always recognized as one of the leading men of his time.

**The Surrogate's Court—Another Contested Will Case Begun.**

Another rather interesting contest was entered upon, yesterday, before Surrogate HUTCHINGS, in the matter of the contested will of NANCY HORETER, deceased, a resident of New-York, who died in April last aged fifty-six years. The deceased under her will, made in September, 1864, leaves the greater portion of her property, consisting mainly of a house and lot, No. 316 Fourth-street, and valued at about $12,000, to her husband, ISAAC L. HORETER, but on the condition that six months after her decease he pays over to the executors named in the will in trust $2,500, to be applied as directed principally, however, in paying special bequests to relatives and friends, the only exception being that the sum of $500 is devised to the congregation of Anshi-Ascheed of this City, in order that a light may be kept burning in the synagogue for one year after the death of testatrix, and prayers specially offered each year thereafter on the anniversary of her decease. Should her husband not pay over this sum of money within the time specified, then the property is to be immediately sold, and the proceeds distributed among surviving brothers and sisters of the deceased. The will is contested by Mr. HORETER, who, in the allegations filed, alleges that the testatrix, at the time of making the will, was of unsound mind; and, besides that, the paper is not executed and attested according to law. The formal testimony of one of the subscribing witnesses was taken yesterday, when the case was adjourned until today. CHARLES PEARCE, Esq., appeared in support of the will, and Messrs. DORNELL MCCULLOUGH & MCDONALD in opposition thereto.

**The Hudson Ferry Difficulty—Brooklyn Will Give the Land if the Company Reduce the Ferriage at All Hours to One Cent.**

The Water and Drainage Committee of the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen, to whom was referred the dispute between the city and the Fulton Ferry Company, growing out of the alleged encroachment by the latter upon certain land belonging to the city, met yesterday, Alderman DWYER in the chair, and heard the case argued at length. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN appeared for the Ferry Company and Corporation Counsel DE WITT for the city. The former said that he was willing to concede that Brooklyn and not New-York had the title to the land in question, but claimed that every interest of the city demanded that the land in question be ceded to the Company for the nominal consideration of $1 a year.

M. DE WITT thought it was of importance to determine in which city the title resided, and that, he said, could only be done by the Courts. He, however, he added, it belongs to Brooklyn, it would be absurd to talk of ceding it to any Company forget a year. In consideration for the grant made by New-York, the ferriage had been reduced to one cent between the hours of 5 and 7½ morning and evening, and he would demand that Brooklyn should only make the concession demanded by the Ferry Company, on condition that the ferriage, at all hours of the day, be reduced to one cent. Thus, Mr. SILLIMAN said, would be an impossibility, as most of the ferries at the present rates do not pay expenses. The Committee then adjourned, subject to the call of the Chair.

**Funeral of Ex-Judge Stuart.**

The funeral of Judge SIDNEY H. STUART took place yesterday afternoon, from his late residence, No. 34 West Eighty-fourth-street. It was attended by a numerous body of his personal friends, and many of the shining lights of the Bar. The body was laid out in a beautiful rose-wood casket, ornamented with silver-plated bar handles, and on the lid was an engraven the name and age of the deceased. A cross and anchor made of tuberoses and other fragrant flowers lay at the feet of the corpse. Among the mourners present were Judges Cardozo and Garvin, and Justice McQuade. Col. Fellows, Judge Bedford, Police Capt. Helm, of the Sixteenth Precinct, Commissioner Osborn, John Graham, Assistant District-Attorney Sedgwick, Henry L. Clinton, Mr. Purdy, Assistant United States District-Attorney, Ex-Judge Phillips, Judge Shandley and Ex-Alderman Tuomey.

Rev. Dr. CHAPIN, the Universalist clergyman, preached the funeral oration and paid a fine tribute to the worth of the departed. At about 2½ o'clock the funeral cortege started for Green-Wood Cemetery.

**Death from Hydrophobia.**

MICHAEL LYDEN, a blacksmith, nineteen years of age, died at No. 491 First-avenue yesterday from hydrophobia. The deceased was bitten by a dog on the 24th of March last, and the dog was killed on the same day. The wound healed up quickly, and no further attention was paid to the matter until a few days ago, when LYDEN exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia. He was attended by a physician but grew rapidly worse, and died yesterday in terrible agony.

**City Meteorological Report.**

The following observations show the temperature, &c., yesterday at the Central Park Mineral Springs:

| | 8 A. M. | 12 M. | 3 P. M. | 6 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Degrees Fahrenheit | 65 | 69 | 67 | 66 |
| Stand of bar. in inch. | 29.99 | 29.94 | " | 29.93 |

Wet-bulb hygrometer at noon, deg. F., 59.

**Arraignment of Alleged Abortionists—Trial Set Down for Friday Next.**

Mme. VAN BUSKIRK and Dr. PERRY, the abortionists, against whom indictments were found last week by the Grand Jury, for causing the death of NELLY BOWE, were arraigned yesterday in the Brooklyn City Court, before Judge MCCUE. They were not required to plead until the day of trial, which was set down for Friday next.

**Suicide of an Aged German Woman.**

At 6½ o'clock yesterday morning MARY BELLNITZ, aged sixty-seven, a native of Germany, residing at No. 13 Avenue A, was found suspended by a piece of sheeting from the door frame of her bed room, and quite dead, having committed suicide during the night by hanging herself. Mrs. BELLNITZ had been an invalid for several years, and lately had become much depressed in spirits in consequence, and her protracted illness is supposed to have induced her to commit suicide.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Gen. VON MOLTKE has been created a Marshal of the Empire.

The disarmament of the French National Guard is proceeding quietly everywhere.

In a game of base ball yesterday, at Baltimore, the Mutuals scored 12, and the Pastimes 6.

Assistant Secretary RICHARDSON, of the Treasury Department, will remain in Europe until December.

Nearly a whole block of buildings in Chetopa, Kansas, was burned on Monday. Loss unknown; insurance small.

JOHN J. CLARK, of Albany, aged seven years, was run over yesterday on the Susquehanna Railroad, and instantly killed.

The vintage of Los Angeles, Cal., will exceed the annual average, and the quality throughout the State is superior.

The Prince Imperial of Germany, FREDERICK WILLIAM, and wife, arrived at Wilhelmshohe Monday.

The German army will be placed upon a peace footing immediately, and reduced to an effective strength of 400,000 men.

M. THIERS goes to Fontainebleau during the recess of the Assembly, and will afterward visit the sites of the proposed military camps.

The postal money-order system between the United States and England will go into operation on the 2d of October.

Three hundred and ninety-six applications for patents and seventy caveats were filed last week at the Patent Office in Washington.

A Committee of citizens in Sebastian County, Ark., state that the reported Ku-klux outrages in that district are fictitious.

The Grand Lodge of Independent Order of Odd-fellows of the United States had a grand procession at Chicago yesterday.

The examination of candidates for admission to the Naval Academy commences to-morrow, and continues until the 30th inst. About fifty candidates are to be examined.

President GRANT reviewed the Zouave and Colored battalions and the Police and Fire Departments, at the Burnett House, Cincinnati, yesterday.

JOHN FOLEY, of Lowell, Mass., was killed yesterday afternoon while at work on the Pawtucket bridge. The derrick chain broke, and he fell to the bed of the river, thirty feet below.

ANNIE VARDEN, of Richmond, Va., a married woman, but deserted by her husband, committed suicide by poisoning herself yesterday evening.

The heading parties in the Shawangunk Tunnel, a mile long, on the Midland Railway, met Monday night. Trains will pass through the tunnel by the 1st of January, next.

A great fire was raging yesterday in Virginia City, Nevada. It commenced on D-street, near WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s offices, and extended an eighth of a mile.

The national exhibition of swine, under the auspices of the Illinois Swine-breeders' Association, opened at Dexter Park, Chicago, yesterday.

A reunion of the Spiritual Progressive Lyceum of Northern Ohio was held at the Rink at Cleveland, yesterday. A procession marched through the principal streets, largely composed of women and children.

The directors of the Tennessee Mechanical and Agricultural Association offer $1,000 in trotting premiums, to be contested for Oct. 4, the second day of the Fair.

A man named J. C. WHITTEMORE, was arrested in St. Louis, Monday, on suspicion of being a forger. He had on his person a letter of introduction, signed by E. D. MORGAN & CO., of New-York.

The virulence of the cholera increases at Konigsberg. The ratio of deaths has advanced from fifty per cent. to seventy, and even eighty per cent. The deaths during the week ending on the 17th were 300.

The Russian fleet escorting the Grand Duke ALEXIS to the United States, and now in English waters, will proceed to Falmouth for coal and the necessary repairs, instead of remaining at Plymouth for that purpose.

The Paris forts will be formally surrendered by their German occupants to the French today. The evacuation of the four Departments contiguous to Paris will follow immediately, and be completed by the 25th inst.

The Illinois Republican State Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress from the State at large, meets at Springfield today. The struggle will be between EX-Auditor DUBOIS, Ex-Gov. OGLESBY and Gen. J. K. ENVERIDGE.

The formal opening of the Second International Industrial Exhibition, at Buffalo, took place last evening, in the presence of an immense crowd of spectators. Gov. HOFFMAN delivered the opening address.

The new Board of Health at Lowell, Mass., is working in earnest to stop the spread of small-pox, which continues to prove fatal in numerous cases. A temporary hospital is to be constructed to accommodate patients, and a large detail of special police will be appointed to isolate cases as far as possible.

A conference of the State Railroad Commissioners with the managers of most of the railroads in Massachusetts, was held yesterday at Boston, at which a committee was appointed to co-operate with the Commissioners, and report upon such additional safeguards to railroad travel as may be deemed necessary.

## THE YELLOW FEVER.

**Appearance as an Epidemic in Florida—Seven Deaths in Twenty Cases—Panic Among the Citizens.**

The yellow fever has broken out at Cedar Keys, Fla., in a virulent and epidemic form. The Tallahassee *Sentinel* of Saturday morning last says:

"At least twenty persons have been attacked with the disease, and seven or eight deaths have already occurred. There is really a panic among the citizens, and every one able to get away has left the town. The rioters recently arrested and lodged in the jail have been released on parole, no one being found to guard or care for them. We are informed that a number of those who have fled from the Keys have gone to Jacksonville, and fears are entertained that our sister city may be the sufferer. The Mayor of our own city has very properly issued his proclamation, in which he says:

"Information has been received of the existence of yellow fever at Cedar Keys in an epidemic form. It is feared that the fever may extend along the Gulf and appear on the Atlantic coast; and although Tallahassee has heretofore been exempt when other communities have suffered from this terrible ravages, yet it behooves our citizens to adopt every precaution to preserve the city from the possible introduction of that or any other disease of a fatal character. It is difficult to establish a successful quarantine against cities or places with which there is daily communication by rail, should yellow fever unfortunately break out in their midst; but we may, by proper sanitary measures, prevent its appearance among us; and to this end I ask the citizens to employ every practical means to preserve the health of the community by the free use of disinfectants."

**Decrease of Yellow Fever in Charleston, S. C.**

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 19.—There was one death from yellow fever during the past twenty-four hours. The Board of Health, after a thorough examination of the eight wards of the city, publish the following statement:

"The reports from the various wards show the city to be in a remarkably healthy condition, even when compared with years when no yellow fever existed. The number of cases of yellow fever in course of treatment does not exceed an average of two in each ward, and the number of persons sick from other causes is astonishingly few."

**The History of Pearls—How to Select Them.**

The use of pearls as insignia of royalty dates from the earliest periods. HOMER describes Juno's car-rings as triple-eyed, and pearls formed the constant ornament of this goddess. In almost all the portraits of the Sassanian kings which have come down to us impressed on the coinage of the period, large pearls are always seen hanging from their ears. From the Persians, the Greeks and Romans derived their love of pearls, the latter people expending large sums for their purchase. Ladies wore them as ear-rings, generally suspending three of them on a gol

## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The executor's sale, embracing an extensive line of City and country real estate, held at the Exchange, yesterday, by ALLEN & EDOWS, H. HENRIQUES, auctioneer, under the direction of JULIUS J. LYONS, Esq., attorney, drew together quite a large attendance of parties interested and others, thus causing the market for the time being to present an animated appearance. The transaction was attended with considerable success, although the most valuable portion of the property offered was purchased in the interests of the estate, the bids made by outside parties not warranting a transfer of title. The general result of the sale was as follows, while for details as to the lots really sold reference is made to the summary appended: First, premises Nos. 489, 491 and 493 Broome-street, south side, between Wooster-street and South Fifth-avenue, embracing three lots, with old-fashioned three-story brick buildings thereon, each lot being 21 feet front by about 100 feet in depth, purchased for estate; Nos. 489 and 491 for $20,000 each, and No. 493 for $21,800. Second, thirty-eight lots, each 25 feet front, located in the village of Grove Hill, Westchester County, on Avenue B and C, between Cedar and Cliff streets, respectively. Of the number stated twenty-eight lots were sold, at prices ranging from $210 to $285 each. Third, seventy-two City-sized lots, located at West Morrisania, Westchester County, on Walton-avenue, opposite the Fleetwood Park Race-course, for estate; of the number $700 for $1,000 per lot, and last sixty-six lots, each 25 by 100, situate respectively on Temple, Sandford, Dundas and Dublin streets, Newark, N. J., between Spring and James streets, forty of which were disposed of at from $39.50 to $68 apiece. In connection with these last-named lots it must be stated that they were sold subject to an unpaid assessment of $20 each. Gardner & Sperry were the auctioneers.

In addition to the above, the following sale was also made by H. J. HENDRICKS, SON & CO., under a Supreme Court order, in foreclosure, HOSEA A. NELSON, Esq., referee: Three-story and basement brick house and lot, 16 feet by 100, situate on the west side of Second-avenue, 150 feet south of Fifty-fourth-st., sold to A. L. ADAMS for $8,300. The following several sales announced for yesterday were adjourned by the auctioneers named to the days noted: By FOSTER & GUIRE, sale of houses and lot on Forty-ninth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, adjourned until Wednesday of next week. By SAMUEL MARX, sale of seventeen-lot tract of heavy-land lots on Seventeenth-street, between Avenues A and First avenue, adjourned until Oct. 3.

The auction at Mamaroneck, Westchester County, which was expected to occur yesterday, as with the Grand Park property was to have been closed out, S. DINGEE & CO., auctioneers, did not take place, the owners preferring to negotiate legal difficulties that for the present have postponed. The sale of villa plots at Chester, N. J., conducted by A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & Bro., was, however, carried through as advertised, and the details will be published to-morrow. For-enders no sections are noticed, and this matter will in all probability be undisturbed by any important event.

### Exchange Sales Tuesday, Sept. 19.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

NEW-YORK.

3-story and basement brick house and lot, w. s. 2d-av., 45 ft. s. of 94th-st., 20 by 44.29.....$9,250

GROVE HILL—WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

By Allen & Brown.

3 lots n. s. Avenue C, 150 ft. w. of Cliff-st., each 25x100.4, E. P. Decker, purchaser, $290 each.....$1,240
3 lots s. s. Avenue C, 300 ft. w. of Cliff-st., same size, same purchaser, $290 each.....1,240
3 lots n. s. Avenue C, adjoining above, same size, same purchaser, $285 each.....1,200
3 lots n. s. Avenue C, adjoining above, same size, same purchaser, $285 each.....1,200
2 lots n. s. Avenue C, 75 ft. w. of Cliff-st., each 25x100, J. Deutch, purchaser, $290 each.....580
4 lots n. s. Avenue B, 270 ft. e. of Cliff-st., each 25x125, H. W. Cosyo, purchaser, $320 each.....1,280
4 lots s. s. Avenue B, 75 ft. w. of Cedar-st., each 25x100, B. W. Kibling, purchaser, $235 each.....940

NEWARK, N. J.

By Allen & Brown.

(Each lot fronted.)

4 lots s. s. Dublin-st., 40 ft. e. of James-st., W. D. Voorhies, purchaser, $35 each.....$140
3 lots s. s. corner Dublin and Spring sts., W. D. Voorhies, purchaser, $33 each.....102
2 lots n. w. corner Dundas and Spring sts., A. Young, purchaser, $35 each.....70
7 lots s. s. corner Dundas and James sts., V. Friend, purchaser, $35 each.....245
2 lots s. s. corner Dundas and James sts., H. Dillon, purchaser, $39 each.....78
3 lots s. s. adjoining above, J. Snyder, purchaser, $34 each.....102
3 lots s. w. corner Dundas and Spring sts., E. P. Decker, purchaser, $40 each.....80
2 lots n. w. corner Sandford and James sts., same purchaser as above, $40 each.....80
2 lots s. s. corner Sandford and James sts., A. Lasky, purchaser, $38 each.....76
3 lots n. s. adjoining above, adjoining above, J. Snyder, purchaser, $37.67 each.....113
2 lots s. s. corner Sandford and James sts., V. Friend, purchaser, $41 each.....82
2 lots n. s. adjoining above, J. Snyder, Sixteenth.....102
2 lots n. w. corner Spring and Spring sts., J. Rust, purchaser, $31 each.....62

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

A. B. HINE. | WALDEN PELL.

HINE & PELL,

REAL ESTATE,

No. 327 6TH-AV., (JUNCTION OF BROADWAY,

Give their particular attention to collection of rents and charge of property.

The management of estates a specialty.

REFER TO

FELLS & CO., Axe tweezers, No. 929 Pearl-st.
BOWES & MACY, Bankers, No. 36 Wall-st.

IMPORTANT.

We are offering brown-stone houses from $42,000 to $65,000, in desirable locations, at reduced valuations, with immediate possession.

WARD & OGDEN,
Broadway, corner 26th-st.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, NEAR Madison-av., a beautiful English Gothic brown-stone-front dwelling, five stories high; 21 feet front, modern improvements; is occupied by the owner, and will be sold low, as the owner leaves for Europe on Nov. 1. Apply to M. A. J. LYNCH & HUGH N. CAMP, No. 108 Broadway, corner Fifth.

A FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE house for sale in 30th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs. The house is 20 feet 10 inches in front, and in good order; will be sold low, as the owner wishes immediate possession. Apply to H. H. LEDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or No. 37 East 17th-st.

FOR SALE—ON NORTH WASHINGTON-square, (Waverley place,) with immediate possession, a first-class boarding-house, containing extra large sized rooms, with all the modern improvements. Also, a large number of new household. Inquire of ROMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

GRAND BOULEVARD, NEAR 72D-ST.—A desirable small corner plot of land, ideal for sale reasonably, convenient to Broadway and Central Park, running through from 87th-st. to 88th-st., seven lots. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 35TH-ST., BETWEEN 4TH and 5th-avs., a 4-story and basement brick house, with gas-fixtures, carpets, mirrors, furniture, &c., complete, $21,000. Inquire of ROMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

RIVERSIDE PARK LOTS FOR SALE.—A Ten full lots, including two corners, on 66th and 97th sts., between 11th and 12th avs. Apply to the owner, E. LIDAIKER, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A NEW AND ELEGANTLY-finished house, 24 feet wide, for much less than cost, on very easy terms. E. B. DREW dec'd, No. 175 6th-av., and No. 327 6th-av.

$18,000 TO $60,000—SEVERAL new brown-stone houses must be sold; sections first-class. MINER & CO., No. 46 West 23d-st.

FOR SALE—TWO HOUSES, NOS. 182 AND 184 Greene-st., for business purposes. For particulars inquire at No. 744 6th-av., shoe store.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

AT METUCHEN, N. J., ON THE NEW-York and Philadelphia Railroad, 18 miles from New-York, a near cottage and lot one-half of a quarter of a mile from the depot; best location in the place. Price, $4,500; $500 cash and balance monthly. Apply to MARSHALL DANIELS or SAMUEL EDDY, No. 1 Park-row.

FOR SALE—THE FARM OF FREDERICK Halsted, 21 miles from New-York, containing some 150 acres, of which 30 are tillable and the balance woodland, with good dwelling house, two barns, and other farm buildings; is pleasantly situated on Millstone River, about 1 mile from Spotswood depot. For terms, &c., inquire of JOHN F. HALSTED, Esq., at Spotswood, Long Island.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT ELIZABETH, N. J., ten minutes' walk from depot, a handsome residence containing thirteen rooms, with all the modern improvements, together with stable and 2 half lots; also, a good fruit garden. Apply to W. BROOKFIELD, No. 21 Nassau-st., or to J. M. MERKEL, opposite Union Depot, Elizabeth.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY RESIDENCE, lands and village lots for sale; 1 hour's ride; beautifully situated, at minimum prices; terms easy. Also, business property for sale or lease. Apply to BLACKWELL & CO., 5 Nassau-st., 8 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Park-place.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—FOR SALE, a country-seat, beautifully located, 40 acres, with good small house, gardener's lodge, tea and carriage houses; grounds well shaded and fruited; will be sold low, with or without furniture, horses, carriages, &c.; possession S. EDDY, No. 1 Park-place.

AT CRANFORD, N. J.—FOR SALE OR to let, a fine, large house, with all the modern improvements, situated high, and finely shaded; a walk from the depot of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. Address S. CAHILL, Cranford, N. J.

FOR SALE AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—Pretty cottage stone cottage, containing seven rooms; gas in house; 1 part newly new; 10 acres of land; plenty of fruit and shade trees. For further information, apply to J. M. B., Box 4,576 New-York Post-office.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN HOUSE and grounds, within forty-five minutes of New-York business offices, and accessible by over fifty trains daily, situated near depots in the growing and naturally attractive portion of Elizabeth; high ground; extra large lot; fruit and shade trees, lawn, garden, &c. House is comfortable, roomy and tasteful, modern design and fittings, situated on the path of extensive improvements, with a steady rise in value. All the conveniences, combined with country air, food and living; good markets, schools, churches, and unsurpassed travel. Terms made to suit. Title perfect. Owner wants to build. Will sell at bargain.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

For view of house and full particulars of property, inquire at West Elizabeth Depot, or address OWNER, Post office Box No. 338, New-York.

SUBURBAN N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, A large, first-class house, with modern improvements; quite near railroad station.

ARCHIBALD GRACIE, 3d, 60 Liberty-st.

## DWELLINGS TO LET.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO RENT FOR the Winter by

E. E. LUDLOW & CO.,

West 124th-st., near 5th-av., $600 per month.
West 23d-st., near Lexington-av., $700 per month.
East 23d-st., near Lexington-av., $700 per month.
East 34th-st., near Park-av., $500 per month.
East 34th-st., near Park-av., $500 per month.
West 34th-st., near 6th-av., $600 per month.
West 34th-st., near 6th-av., $1,200 per month.
West 34th-st., near 6th-av., $700 per month.
Fifth-av., near 59th-st., fine Mansion; $2,000 per month.
Lexington-av., corner 35th-st., $250 per month.

For particulars and list apply at our office, No. 3 Pine-st., or No. 29 East 17th-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

$200 PER MONTH TO $1,000.

Also,

Several first-class Boarding-Houses.

Also,

Houses for sale in all parts of the City, by

TAYLOR & STEARNS,
No. 17½ Pine-st.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.—To rent, two villas, furnished and unfurnished, all modern conveniences, within ten minutes of city; shade and fruit trees; gardens planted; views unsurpassed; sixteen ferry minutes of Wall-st. O. G. HAMILTON, No. 7 Exchange-pl., or HAMILTON & CO., No. 21 Broad-st.

TO LET—ON THE BANKS OF THE HUDSON, about 1 hour from the city, a dwelling-house, with barn and stable, and plenty of land for a garden for eighteen months from the 1st of November next; a pleasant suburban residence near the Grand Boulevard. Apply at No. 5 Bookman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

HOUSE TO RENT AND FURNITURE for sale, Theatre of Arts, premises No. 6 West 14th-st. None but responsible parties desiring to rent need apply, as references must call.

## STORES, &c., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET

IN

TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

A LARGE STORE, FIRST FLOOR, NO. 127 25th-st., near Broadway, with large show-window; rent moderate. Apply to CHENEY & DIXON, at premises, 1,026 Broadway.

## HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.—A number of well-selected furnished houses wanted for the Winter sales during the month of October, 1871.

Parties having houses in desirable localities for which they desire tenants, will please apply to M. A. J. LYNCH & H. N. CAMP, No. 108 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—Unfurnished, good location above 34th-st. by a small family; must be a corner; will agree to rent with option to purchase. TOWNSEND, No. 261 Broadway.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

AUCTION.

Will be sold on 2d September, 1871, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Continental Hotel, in Peekskill, the house and lot in Peekskill, the Summer residence of the late ISAAC SEYMOUR, President of the Bank of North America at his decease, and afterward of Mrs. SARAH SEYMOUR, his widow. The premises command beautiful and extensive views of village, river and mountains, and are well supplied with fruit and ornamental trees. Aug. 14, 1871.—Inquire of or address the undersigned. THOMAS NELSON, No. 48 Liberty-st.; CHARLES R. WEDBROOK, Ogdensburg, executors, or of C. McCOUTCHEON, auctioneer, Peekskill.

## DRY GOODS.

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON,

GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK CITY,

DAILY,

NEW RIBBONS, VELVETS, SILKS,

OSTRICH FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.

CHEAP VELVETEENS.

YANKEE NOTIONS,

CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.

LACES, EMBROIDERIES, DRESS TRIMMINGS,

LADIES' UNDER-GARMENTS, HOSIERY.

NEW MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

STRAW GOODS.

OVER 3,000 CASES OF

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED BONNETS, &c.

HATS OF THE NEWEST DESIGNS.

MANY OF OUR OWN IMPORTATIONS.

EXTENSION OF OUR PREMISES COMPLETED, AND

THE ESTABLISHMENT CROWDED WITH CHEAP GOODS.

EDWARD RIDLEY'S & SON,

NOS. 298, 300, 302, 304 GRAND-ST.,

NOS. 63, 64, 65, 66 AND 70 ALLEN-ST.

FIFTH BLOCK FROM THE BOWERY.

ENTRANCE TO THE WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT NO. 63 ALLEN-ST.

TO MILLINERS AND STORE-KEEPERS.

OUR NEW

JOBBING ROOMS

ARE NOW OPEN,

FULL LINES OF GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, ALL WIDTHS.

SASH RIBBONS, BLACK AND COLORED SILKS AND VELVETS.

OSTRICH FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.

SILK CORDS, GRO DE NAPLES, SATINS.

BONNETS, HATS AND CAPS.

STRAW GOODS.

REMEMBER

FOR CASH YOU WILL FIND CHEAP MILLINERY GOODS AT

NEAT GOODS AT

EDWARD RIDLEY'S & SON,

NOS. 298, 300, 302, 304 GRAND-ST.,

NOS. 63, 64, 65, 66 AND 70 ALLEN-ST.

FIFTH BLOCK FROM THE BOWERY.

ENTRANCE TO THE WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT, NO. 63 ALLEN-ST.

Mourning Department.

A. T. Stewart & Co.

are offering

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN

Black Dress Goods, Viz:

A SPECIAL LINE ON 1,000 PIECES,

Consisting of

LUSTRES, DEMY-LUSTRES, ARABIAN LUSTRES, AND MOHAIR CORDS,

FROM 20c. TO 30c. PER YARD LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.

Friends, customers and strangers are invited to examine these goods, as a similar opportunity might not be presented for years to come.

BROADWAY, 4TH AV., 9TH AND 10TH STS.

HEADS OF FAMILIES

ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

NEW STYLE

OF BOOTS FOR BOYS,

AT

AT JACKSON'S,

NO. 373 BROADWAY.

A FULL LINE OF ALL THE MOST POPULAR MOURNING GOODS IMPORTED.

SOME NEW MATERIAL DOUBLE CLOTH, 54 INCHES WIDE, $1.50.

ONE CASE BLACK ALPACAS, 8c., WORTH 15.

AT THE WORLD—VERY CHEAP Blankets, Baggies, Carriage Canvas for Back Car Covering, Horse Clothing, Cloth, Cassimeres, Tailors' Trimmings, Buffalo and Carriage Robes. No. 105 Chambers-st.

AT JACKSON'S,

BROADWAY AND WAVERLEY PLACE.

MOURNING GARMENTS ON HAND IN THE MOST ELEGANT AND BECOMING STYLES.

ORDERS EXECUTED IN A FEW HOURS, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

## INSTRUCTION.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

From the Daily Graphic.

THE MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, NO. 49 WASHINGTON-SQUARE, NEW-YORK CITY, GEORGE W. CLARKE, PH. D., PROPRIETOR AND PRINCIPAL.—Having stumbled on one of the circulars of this well-known school for the education of young gentlemen, now in the twenty-ninth year of its existence, we take a little pride in calling the attention of our New-York visitors to the united merits for nearly thirty years of your fellow-townsman, Dr. Clarke, in establishing and conducting this Institute; and we feel no doing that we confer as great a favor on them as on him, because, in the multitude of schools which watch to vex a population as that of New-York abounds, the best are not infrequently entirely overlooked.

According to the circular of this Institute, we find at the head of the Board of Visitors (which is composed throughout of distinguished gentlemen) the name of Howard Crosby, D. D., Chancellor of the New-York University College.

Dr. Clarke, with the aid of its ten accomplished assistants and an attendance of two hundred pupils, has, during the past twenty-eight years, prepared and sent to college and the pursuits of business over four thousand students.

The commanding and delightful situation of this High school on Washington-square makes it easily accessible by railroad from all parts of the City, Brooklyn, Williamsburg, Greenpoint, Jersey City, Hoboken, and Westchester.

In this grassy, now improved and beautified, the pupils enjoy, in their daily recreations at the second, all the advantages of the country, for purity of air, vigor of exercise and pleasantness of playground.

The rooms are spacious, light, well ventilated and in every respect furnished and fitted for convenience and health.

The location is unsurpassed for health, attractiveness and quiet.

CONDITIONS OF GRADUATION.

ENLARGED COURSE.

A double course of study is pursued in this Institution—namely, a Business and College Course.

The branches in which candidates for the Diploma who take the *Business Course* are required to be prepared are as follows:

I. Mental, Theoretical and Commercial Arithmetic.
II. Davies' Bourdon's Algebra, and four books of Plane Geometry.
III. Book-keeping by Double Entry. (Thorough course.)
IV. Ability to write in a legible, commercial hand, and English composition, free from grammatical and rhetorical errors.
V. Shaw's History and Criticism of English Literature.
VI. Natural Philosophy and General History.
VII. Ability to translate, write and pronounce correctly one foreign language.

The branches in which candidates for the diploma who take the *College Course* are required to be prepared are as follows:

I. Mental and theoretical arithmetic.
II. Davies' Bourdon's Algebra, and four books of plane geometry.
III. Latin and Greek for the Freshman Class in College.
IV. Outlines of history and Shaw's English Literature.
V. Principles of double entry bookkeeping and elements of natural science.
VI. Ability to write in a legible and neat manner, an English composition, which shall be free from grammatical and rhetorical errors.

*Post-Graduate Studies* consist of advanced parts of English Literature, Latin, Greek, French, German, Natural Science, Mathematics, Surveying, Double Entry Book-keeping, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing, and Oil-painting.

For the purpose of completing this higher course, it is well, as is not uncommon, for our graduates to remain another year and pursue the studies of the *Post-Graduate Class*.

NAMES OF GRADUATES OF 1871.

George H. Bliven, (Valedictorian.)

| | |
|---|---|
| A. A. Bonner, | H. E. Dickinson, |
| Arthur S. Fabens, | H. E. Gregory, |
| Walter Hurnes, | J. F. Hardenburgh, Jr., |
| C. S. Martin, | Joseph Oberndorfer, |
| Clarence C. Perry, | Wm. Geo. Quin, |
| | Wm. L. Radford. |

George R. Westfield, (Salutatorian.)

Among Dr. Clarke's one hundred and fifty present patrons we find the following well-known citizens of New-York and vicinity:

| | |
|---|---|
| Rev. Alexander McKelvy, | John R. Hudson, |
| Rev. Dr. C. H. Gardner, | George C. Hallett, |
| Hon. Joseph W. Fabens, | Christopher Gwyer, |
| Hon. Henry H. Rice, | James F. Jacques, |
| Hon. Wm. Dinsmoor, | Martina Van Schaick, |
| Jersey City, | Andrew Fletcher, |
| Hon. T. F. Tomlinson, | Jacob S. Browne, |
| Robert Bonner, | William Adams, |
| T. F. Humphreys, M. D., | Henry Adams, |
| T. G. Lambert, M. D., | Henry Elsworth, |
| Dr. Jackson Hubbell, | Thomas L. Aston, |
| Dr. R. G. Perry, | Frederick Wiebusch, |
| A. J. Williamson, Esq., | R. M. Smallhouser, |
| W. Howard Wait, Esq., | James O. Hoe, |
| Charles Biven, | Lowis Radford, |
| Spencer Hoscock, | Richard Martin, |
| Ellis D. Cree, | H. Obendorfer, |
| John Mellon, | Judge Van Vorst, |
| J. P. Hardenburgh, | Gilbert L. Orswell, |
| Wm. L. Taylor, | John M. Beck, |
| Mortimer Ward, | Lake Slater, |
| C. D. Brown, | Jacob S. Townsend, |
| John W. Jones, | Herman Von Keller, |
| Charles A. Hands, | Henry K. Sleevell, |
| John Engels, | T. Bradford Williams, |
| James R. Floyd, | Roman St. Ferris, |
| Charles H. Babee, | John Eaton, |
| Royal E. Deane, | Pearson S. Halstead, |
| Ira Brown, | Alfred T. Weller, |
| E. G. Brown, | Peter Eliscard, |
| James Hunter, | Samuel J. Wells, |
| A. W. Hume, | Julius Hilbert, |
| George R. Stuart, | Charles Deave, |
| J. H. Drevenstedt, | R. C. Rathbone. |

The following are few of those who have had sons in his school from two to seven years:

Rev. Asa D. Smith, D. D., President Dartmouth College, N. H.
Rev. Samuel Seabury, D. D.
Hon. Wm. F. Havemeyer.
Hon. Henry R. Davies.
Hon. James Gopsill, Jersey City.
Hon. E. Comfort.
Hon. William E. Dodge.
Hon. William Walter Phelps, (himself many years a student in this Institute.)
Rev. George D. Baker, of Detroit, who never attended any other school before going to college.

| | |
|---|---|
| A. R. Wetmore, | George Elder, |
| George D. Phelps, | P. C. Havemeyer, |
| William Kelso, | A. A. Low, |
| Peter A. Hargous, | Samuel T. Shapp, |
| Louis F. Haraous, | Gardner A. Sage, |
| Theodore Hutchings, | John Aitken, |
| Donald Mitchell, | Colonel Jas. N. Y. Hinds, |
| C. S. Withington, Esq., | (himself nine years under the instruction and care of the Principal.) |

And more than a thousand other equally competent witnesses to the value of the course we have during the past quarter of a century had their sons prepared in this Institute for business or college.

Dr. Clarke's circular also refers with confidence and pride to the faculties of the following Colleges to which he has sent many students; not one of whom was ever rejected for want of good preparation to enter:

| | |
|---|---|
| New-York University, | Williams, |
| Columbia College, | Princeton, |
| Union, | Rutgers, |
| Harvard, | Tufts, |
| Amherst, | Lafayette, |
| Yale, | Troy Polytechnic, |

And the Government Schools at West Point and Annapolis.

But as New-York is the great commercial capital of the nation, a large majority of students of this Institute enter on the pursuits of trade; and the Principal takes special pleasure in referring parents to almost every mercantile establishment and counting-house of the City for information as to the manner in which his pupils are prepared for the activities of business life.

We like very much the smack of the following remark of Dr. Clarke on department:

"I may as well be said frankly that while ordinary faults are corrected in a proper way, no pupil of vicious propensities in habits, language, or manners, is allowed to remain in this Institute. The Principal will not wait for positive proof of immoral conduct. *It is enough for him to know that the influence of the boy is bad* to decide on his dismissal at once. This kindly assistance which are supposed to comprise a good Christian family form the guide to the students of this Institute in their intercourse with their teachers and with each other. If in any case a pupil does not know what these are, he must go home to learn and learn. The order of this school resembles the quiet of a congregation at church. Mental activity does not prevent quiet. Order and freedom constitute the perfection of government everywhere. For order there must be, whether there is freedom or not. High character is as essential to manliness and success in life as high qualification. A good forbearance for sacred things is required. The school is opened with brief religious exercises, consisting of Scriptures reading and prayer; but *nothing sectarian is taught or allowed* in this school."

Dr. Clarke is himself a Christian gentleman, and whilst Saratoga has sent to New-York and elsewhere many men of distinction, she has sent few of more practical value than he. Long may his usefulness continue.

P. S. by the Principal.—The week commencing Sept. 11 has been occupied at this Institute in registering and examining candidates, of all ages from six to twenty-six, and organizing the Departments of Letters, Science, Commerce, and Art, including those of French, German, Spanish, and Engineering.

The annual starting session begins Sept. 18. Individual students preparing for college or business are allowed to advance in higher classes as rapidly as their attainments permit. The Institute is open for visitors at any time, where interviews with the Principal and circulars of full particulars may be obtained.

## INSTRUCTION.

MISS HAINES AND MADEMOISELLE DE JANON,

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,

NO. 10 GRAMERCY PARK,

(East 20th-st.)

Will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 21.

A punctual attendance of their pupils is respectfully requested.

JAUDON INSTITUTE,

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN, FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS, No. 4 East 27th-st., between 5th and Madison avs.,

Will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21.

A few boarding pupils will be received.

THE HERBERT SPENCER SEMINARY,

A Boarding School for boys at Englewood Park, North Amboy, N. J.,

HOWARD HINTON, A. M., Principal,
Assisted by the
"NATURAL METHOD."

Opens Sept. 21. For circulars, address the Principal, Home Journal Office, No. 1 Park-place, New-York.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,

No. 620 Fifth-av.

Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Fourteenth year commences Sept. 20.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. N. GARDNER,
Principals.

REV. D. A. HOLBROOK'S MILITARY SCHOOL,

KING'S FERRY, N. Y.,

REOPENS SEPT. 14, 1871.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

NOS. 261 6TH-AV. AND 967 BROADWAY,

Corner 23d-st., opens Sept. 18. Sixteenth year. Boarding, day, and steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the ladies with Mr. Lyon. A Yale graduate, he wholly instructs the College class, and means that all from this school shall be fitted for college. In five years, 22 have entered College—10 Columbia, 5 Yale, 3 Harvard, 2 Williams, 1 Princeton, 1 Troy Polytechnic. Only three were conditioned. Other classics follow yearly. Light gymnastics. Only good boys desired. Ten years's patrons of this school in connection.

| | |
|---|---|
| John Aeschbacher, | Henry Dey, |
| Jas. B. Adriance, | Thomas Goadby, |
| Jas. Adriance, | Wm. A. Hedden, |
| Jas. Adriance, Jr., | Wm. Hall, |
| Jno. M. Bailey, | Thos. M. Ayres, |
| John Benjamin, | William Jackson, |
| John S. Boyd, | Thos. F. Jeremiah, |
| John Brooks, | Edw. Kirkland, |
| W. S. Bainbridge, | Jos. W. Lester, |
| Josiah B. Burton, | Capt. J. Lockwood, |
| Nathl. W. Chater, | John D. Melcher, |
| Robert Colby, | James Moir, |
| Benj. Curtis, | Wm. Morrison, |
| | Israel T. Potter, |
| | Geo. S. Stitt, |
| | Albert Weber, |
| | Ralph Wells. |

MLLE. ROSTAN'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 311 East 16th-st., third door from Park-av., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 21. The course of instruction is designed to combine a thorough English education, with the practical knowledge of the French and modern languages.

Special attention is given to Drawing and Painting, and the Musical Department, under the care of Profs. S. B. MILLS and P. L. RITTER, offers peculiar advantages to those who wish to make music a special study.

A very limited number of young ladies will be received in the family and welcomed to share all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.

Application can be made at the above address.

MRS. JOHN V. B. BLEECKER

Will open a

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

for young ladies and children on the 20th of September next at her residence, No. 7 Gramercy Park, (corner East 20th-st.) Miss PEGRAM will be associated with Mrs. BLEECKER, and will have special charge of the higher English branches.

UNIVERSITY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

FREE TUITION.

The session begins in the Department of Arts, and also in the Department of Science, on the 20th of September inst. Examinations for admission on TUESDAY, the 19th, at 10 A. M. The new circulars may be obtained at the University, or of William B. Martin, No. 142 Broadway.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 707 Madison-av., corner 62d-st.

This day school will reopen Sept. 21. Thorough English course; daily instruction and practice in French and German; class of Belles-lettres; primary department; circular on application.

MME. ELISE CHARLIER, Principals.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 27 West 23d-st., corner Park-av., Murray Hill, New-York. Fall term will commence Sept. 20, 1871. Circulars and references sent on request.

A. M. WILLIAMSON'S SCHOOL, NO. 51 West 33d-st., corner Broadway, reopens Sept. 18.

LIMITED TO 25 SELECTED BOYS.

Primary department under Miss HELEN A. JOHNSON. Circulars on application. Interviews from 10 to 12 A. M. References to parents:

| | |
|---|---|
| W. H. Fell, | Lucien B. Terry, |
| G. Lee Knapp, | Jacob Vanderpool, |
| Jas. Miller, Aitken & Mill, | Philip R. Wilkins, |
| Jay Gould, | Stephen Knapp, |
| G. M. Clossman, (Clossman, Peter & Hoe (R. Hoe & man, Sturges & Co.,) | Co.,) |
| John T. Conover, | Israel T. Potter, |
| A. Mekinley, | Geo. S. Stitt, &c., &c. |

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 1 Winthrop-place, prepares boys for business or college; the thirty-fifth year opens Sept. 18. Circulars containing testimonials from Emeritus Chancellor Fonda and Chancellor Crosby and Faculty of New-York University, and from President Porter and Faculty of Yale College, may be obtained of Howe & Ferry's, No. 76 Nassau; Bacon & Farr's, No. 1 Winthrop-place, and at Thomson Bros., No. 1,107 Broadway.

M. M. HOBBY,
G. CHASE.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,

will open at No. 48 MADISON-AV., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20. Address as above.

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

English, French and German Family and Day School for young ladies and children, Nos. 54 and 56 West 31st.-st., New-York. Will commence its Fifteenth Year Sept. 21, 1871. For full information send for catalogues.

MISSES PORTER & CHAMPNEY,

FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL,

Old Hadley, Mass.

The Fall term will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13, 1871. For circulars and particulars address the Principals.

THE NATIONAL CONSERVATORY.

A Select School for all branches of music.
(Decker Brothers' Building,)
No. 33 Union-square, near 16th-st.

FLUSHING INSTITUTE

FOR BOYS.

School begins Sept. 12.

E. A. FAIRCHILD, Flushing, N. Y.

THE MISSES HALSEY HAVE RE-opened their school at Orange Junction, N. J., and are prepared to receive a limited number of girls as boarding pupils. Miss HALSEY has had the efforts of a home, with most efficient teaching. For circulars, &c., apply at the School, or to J. L. HALSEY, at Manhattan Life Insurance Company, No. 156 Broadway, New-York.

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their French and English Day School for young ladies, No. 148 Madison-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20. Arrangements will be made, when desired, by which pupils under 12 can receive their lessons in school under the care of a teacher.

$325 FOR BOARDING AND TUITION one year, at the Stamford (Conn.) College Institute for ladies. Music and painting only extras. Native teachers of modern languages. Home care and thorough culture. School opens Sept. 20, 1871. For circulars address Rev. J. BECKENRIDGE GIBSON, D. D., Rector.

MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 17 West 38th-st., N. Y., will be reopened MONDAY, Sept. 25. Dr. Ben. Silliman, Mme. de SILVA and Mrs. ALEX. HAMILTON, Esq., are addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR young ladies, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Established 1846. Opens Sept. 11, 1871. A thorough and systematic course of study. Preparatory class for Vassar College. For catalogue, address GEO. W. COOK, A. M., Principal.

PLAINFIELD COLLEGE, N. J., FOR young ladies, reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 12, 1871. For circulars apply to the Principal, or to VAN KLEECK, CLARK & CO., No. 49 Cedar-st., New-York; D. D. HICKEY, Esq., Principal, Miss E. V. KENNEY, Lady Principal.

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT DEERFIELD, MASS.—This school, limited to six pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18. For particulars concerning it, apply to RICHARD P. JENKS, Deerfield, Mass. Circulars may also be obtained at GEO. GOLD WOODS'S, No. 613 Broadway.

DUANE E. EVERSON'S SCHOOL for Boys reopens Sept. 20 at No. 1,146 Broadway, above 26th-st. Thorough instruction in ancient and modern languages and the English branches. Number limited. Circulars at school.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, (Founded A. D. 1628,) No. 49 West 44th-st., corner 6th-av., Rev. HENRY R. CRAIGE, Ph. D., Rector.—For 43d school year begins Sept. 18, 1871. Boys thoroughly prepared for college or business. Circulars at the school.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES AS BOARDING pupils are received by the Misses BUCKWALL at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J. The ensuing school year will commence Sept. 19.

DR. BERTHET'S FRENCH, ENGLISH, Classical and Mathematical School opens Sept. 18, at No. 156 East 46th-st. Prospectus at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 413 Broadway.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, SPARKILL, ON THE HUDSON.—The Fall term will open Sept. 21. For circulars, address Rev. E. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

J. H. MOSSE'S ENGLISH, CLASSICAL and Mathematical School reopens on MONDAY, Sept. 25, at No. 1,307 Broadway. For circulars, apply to J. H. MOSSE, No. 797 Broadway.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Fifty-third-st., between Fifth and Madison avs., Rev. J. BECKENRIDGE GIBSON, D. D., Rector. The third year will begin Sept. 19.

BENDAN'S SCHOOL, (LIMITED,) NO. 1,570 Broadway, near 46th-st.—English, Classical, German, French and Primary. Opens Sept. 11.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Miss Emily Nelson, Pr.

## INSTRUCTION.

ANTHON Grammar School,

NO. 202 MADISON-AV.,

BETWEEN 36TH AND 37TH STS.

The departments of Ancient and Modern Languages will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 11, and the Primary Department MONDAY, Sept. 18. School hours from 9½ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

MISS STEERS'

English and French Boarding and

## SHIPPING.

# ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from

NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.

Cabin passage, $80 currency. Steerage passage, $30 currency. Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates. Drafts from £1 upward. Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America, as safely, cheaply and speedily as by any other route. Apply at the Company's office, No. 7 Bowling-green.

| "EXPRESS" STEAMERS. | | "EXTRA" STEAMERS. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Anglia | Sat., Sept. 23 | Alexandria | Wed., Sept. 20 |
| Australia | Sat., Sept. 30 | Assyria | Wed., Sept. 27 |
| Tarifa | Sat., Oct. 7 | Tripoli | Wed., Oct. 4 |
| Europa | Sat., Oct. 14 | Iowa | Wed., Oct. 11 |

AND every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY thereafter from Pier 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

Glasgow or Derry.

First cabin, $80 and $90, according to location.

Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, at reduced accommodations, $120.

Intermediate, $60; steerage, $30.

Certificates at lowest rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Drafts for any amount payable on demand.

Apply at the Company's offices to

HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

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WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

4,000 tons burden—1,000 horse-power each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor to land passengers and mails.

| | |
|---|---|
| OCEANIC | Sept. 23, 2 P. M. |
| BALTIC | Oct. 7, 11 A. M. |

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unsurpassed for elegance, safety and speed.

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CASH, STEAM AND CONFIDENT.

Rates of passage, sanitary arrangements and intercourse in Saloon, Second Cabin and Intermediate, as liberal as those of any first-class line. Steerage fare reduced to $30. Steerage passengers can now obtain drafts payable throughout the Old Country on very favorable terms. Steerage tickets, prepaid certificates, full currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $30 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, No. 29 Broadway.

P. W. J. HURST, Manager.

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ERMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| CITY OF DUBLIN | Thursday, Sept. 21 | 11 A. M. |
| CITY OF LONDON | Saturday, Sept. 23 | 2 P. M. |
| CITY OF LIMERICK | Thursday, Sept. 28 | 2 P. M. |
| CITY OF BROOKLYN | Saturday, Sept. 30 | 2 P. M. |
| CITY OF MONTREAL | Thursday, Oct. 5 | 11 A. M. |

And weekly thereafter, SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By Saturday steamers, Cabin passage, $80 currency. Steerage, $30 currency.

By Thursday steamers, Cabin, $100, gold. Steerage, $30 currency.

Second cabin, $60, gold. Second cabin, $40, gold.

Return tickets, cabin, $150 and $160, gold. Return tickets, second cabin, $100, gold.

By steamers carrying neither mails nor passengers.

First cabin, $60, gold. Steerage, $30, currency.

Return tickets, $100, gold. Steerage, $50, currency.

Tickets to be procured at the Company's office, No. 61 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Boston, Glasgow, Havre, Bremen and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage to or from Europe, apply at the Company's Office, No. 61 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

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PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP ST. LAURENT, Lambert Frost, Captain, from Grand-st., Jersey City, at 9 A. M., on WEDNESDAY, 20th September.

C. G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

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ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ST. LAURENT | Lambert | Saturday, Sept. 23 |
| VILLE DE PARIS | Surmont | Oct. 7 |
| PEREIRE | Roussan | Saturday, Oct. 21 |
| LAFAYETTE | Rouman | Saturday, Nov. 4 |

RETURN OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First Cabin.....$125 | Second Cabin.....$75

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

These steamers receive going to or returning from the Continent, via Brest or Havre, passengers for this side, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

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NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, (COBH) EVERY SATURDAY.

FRANCE, THOMSON, Saturday, Sept. 23, at 1 P. M.

ITALY, GEORAN, Saturday, Sept. 30, at 2 P. M.

SPAIN, GRANT (Saturday), Oct. 7, at 2 A. M.

FROM LONDON DIRECT.

ENGLAND, LAWTON, Tuesday, Sept. 19, at 9 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool, Queenstown, or London direct: Cabin, $70 and $80, currency; steerage, $30 currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $30 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

P. W. J. HURST, Manager.

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INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| CITY OF DUBLIN | Thursday, Sept. 21 | 11 A. M. |
| CITY OF LONDON | Saturday, Sept. 23 | 2 P. M. |
| CITY OF LIMERICK | Thursday, Sept. 28 | 2 P. M. |
| CITY OF BROOKLYN | Saturday, Sept. 30 | 2 P. M. |
| CITY OF MONTREAL | Thursday, Oct. 5 | 11 A. M. |

And weekly thereafter, SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By Wednesday steamers, Cabin passage, $80, gold. Steerage, $30, currency.

By Saturday steamers, Cabin, $100, gold. Cabin, $80, gold.

Second cabin, $60, gold. Second cabin, $40, gold.

Return tickets, cabin, $150 and $160, gold. Return tickets, second cabin, $100, gold.

By steamers carrying neither mails nor passengers.

First cabin, $60, gold. Steerage, $30, currency.

Return tickets, $100, gold. Steerage, $50, currency.

Tickets to be procured at the Company's office, No. 61 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Boston, Glasgow, Havre, Bremen and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York

# FLEETWOOD PARK.

## Second Day of the Fall Meeting—Two Races Finished.

### A Fine Day's Sport—Young Bruno and Castle Boy the Winners—Eight Heats Trotted in the 2:28 Races.

Yesterday the weather was rather chilly, and, consequently, there was but a small attendance at Fleetwood Park. Those who were present, however, were amply rewarded for their pains—the trotting, all through the afternoon, being very exciting. The unfinished race of the previous day was first called up, and, after four heats had been trotted, making eight in all, *Young Bruno* bore away the prize. *Susie* won the fifth heat, but she could never get home first again, although she made a splendid struggle in the last heat, being only beaten by a neck. The next race was the purse for the 2:30 class, $600 to first horse, $250 to second and $100 to third. In this the following horses were entered, viz.: G. N. FERGUSON enters b. m. *Bright Eyes*. JOHN LOVETT enters b. m. *Heathen Chinee*. D. PFIFFER enters b. m. *Louise Moore*. M. ROONEY enters b. g. *Castle Boy*. T. CAMERON enters b. m. *May Boy*. M. GOODWIN enters gr. g. *Jeff*. J. J. BOWEN enters br. g. *Jack Poor*. S. T. BANE enters b. m. *Ida May*. P. HASKINS enters b. g. *F. Haskins*, of which Rye started—*Jack Poor*, *Castle Boy*, *Louise Moore*, *Bright Eyes* and *Haskins*. This turned out an easy affair for *Castle Boy*, who is a very promising young horse and will be heard of to advantage again. He won easily in three straight heats. After this the 2:28 race was commenced, but owing to darkness setting in it was not finished. The purse was for first horse, $400 to second and $200 to third, with the following entries, viz.: H. J. DORRANCE enters gr. g. *Jos*. D. DUNLEY enters gr. g. *Thomas Jefferson*. ALEXANDER SNYDER enters b. g. *Westchester*. P. JOHNSON enters b. m. *Lotis*. LEW. MORRIS enters b. m. *Nellie Morris*. BASSETT & MAR enter br. g. *Bismarck*. ALDEN GOLDSMITH enters b. g. *Bodine*. A. PFIFFER enters b. g. *Charley Green*. H. RYAN enters br. m. *Constance*, formerly *Lady Sunlapaugh*, but of these four were withdrawn, the starters being *Jos*, *Nellie Morris*, *Bodine*, *Bells of Oneida* and *Constance*. The first named was a great favorite in the pools, but he behaved very badly, and was distanced in the second heat. The first two heats were won by *Bodine*, and the third resulted in a dead heat between him and *Bells of Oneida*. *Bodine*, who is only 5 years old, was reised by Mr. GOLDSMITH. He is by *Volunteer*, out of a *Clay* mare, and having fine action, he will in time be a very fast horse. Full details of the trotting are appended:

THE 2:28 PURSE.

FIFTH HEAT.—With the exception of *Ben Starr* all the horses that started in the fourth heat came out. When they got the word *Charley Green* and *Nellie Morris* had the first position, and *Lady Rose* taking third place, and they trotted in this order to the quarter-pole, where *Susie* began to go to the front, and as the half-mile pole she was leading. Going up the hill *Ben Pfiffer* also made up a lot of ground, and at the three-quarter pole he was at *Charley Green's* wheel. *Susie* rounded the home turn with a clear lead, and trotting splendidly and fast she easily walked off *Ben Pfiffer's* challenge, and won handily by two lengths. *Charley Green* was third and *Lady Rose* fourth. Time—2:26.

SIXTH HEAT.—After two attempts they were sent off in straggling order. *Susie* and *Bruno* getting a slight advantage. The latter broke up on the turn, and was passed by *Lady Rose* and *Ben Pfiffer*, who went by the quarter-pole in hot pursuit of *Susie*. Entering the backstretch, *Susie* still led, but *Young Bruno* then made a fine break and at the half-mile was head and head with the leader. He improved his position going up the hill and gradually forged ahead, but before reaching the three-quarter pole *Susie* became wild again, and the moment was in front. But breaking up on the turn she fell back again. *Susie* and *Bruno* then finished a splendid race home, the mare having a slight lead till within fifteen yards of the string, where *Bruno* made a vigorous effort and won on the post by the shortest of heads. *Charley Green* was third and *Dreamaught* next. Time—2:26½.

SEVENTH HEAT.—When the word was given *Modoc* and *Susie* were in front, but the former left his feet on the turn and *Bruno* took first place. At the quarter-pole he was half a length in front of *Lady Rose*, and he slightly increased his lead along the backstretch, where *Charley Green* began to close on *Lady Rose*, whom he headed going up the hill, and as the home turn was four lengths in front. From this point Rooney took things easy and *Castle Boy* won very easily by two lengths, from *Bright Eyes*, in 2:24½. *Jack Poor* was third, *Louise Moore* fourth, and *Haskins* distanced.

SECOND HEAT.—When the word was given *Louise Moore* had the lead, but she broke upon the turn and dropped rapidly astern, and then fairly round the turn *Castle Boy* began to draw away, and trotting at his ease, was two lengths ahead of *Bright Eyes* at the quarter-pole. The mare broke on the turn, which left *Castle Boy* still a long lead, but just as he reached the half-mile pole he made a bad break and *Jack Poor* got within a length of him. As soon as he could be steadied, however, he shot away again and having the race safe at the home turn, lagged home a length ahead of *Jack Poor*. Time—2:30¾. *Louise Moore* was third.

THIRD HEAT.—This heat requires but little description. *Castle Boy* took the lead soon after starting, increased it as he went along and was two lengths in front at the half-mile pole. After this he came along at leisure, and won as he pleased by a couple of lengths, thus winning the race. *Bright Eyes* was second, and *Jack Poor* third. Time—2:30.

FLEETWOOD PARK, Sept. 18 and 19.—Purse of $1,000, for horses that have never beaten 2:30; $600 to first horse, $250 to second, and $150 to third.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jean Lovett enters br. g. Young Bruno | 10 | 9 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| John Murphy enters b. g. Charlie Green | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| P. Mace enters wh. g. Modoc | 5 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 4 |
| F. Carpenter enters s. m. Susie | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| B. F. Carpenter enters b. m. Lady Rose | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| A. Pfiffer enters ch. g. Dread-naught | 7 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| T. J. Bowen enters gr. m. Sea Rose | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| P. L. Doty enters br. m. Lady Augusta | 9 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | dr. |
| M. Carroll enters b. g. Ben Starr | 8 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 | dr. |
| M. Roden enters br. g. J. H. Cole | 6 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | dr. |
| Sam. McLaughlin enters b. m. Mary | 12 | 11 | dis. | | | | | |
| James Bates enters b. g. Dan | dis. | | | | | | | |

| TIME. | Quarter. | Half. | Mile. |
|---|---|---|---|
| First heat | 37 | 1:13½ | 2:34 |
| Second heat | 37 | 1:13½ | 2:30¾ |
| Third heat | 37¼ | 1:13½ | 2:29¾ |
| Fourth heat | 38¼ | 1:13½ | 2:29¾ |
| Fifth heat | 37½ | 1:13¼ | 2:29 |
| Sixth heat | 37½ | 1:13 | 2:30¼ |
| Seventh heat | 38 | 1:14 | 2:32½ |
| Eighth heat | 38 | 1:13¾ | 2:32¾ |

THE 2:30 PURSE.

FIRST HEAT.—*Bright Eyes* got away in front with *Jack Poor* next, but *Castle Boy* took second place on the turn. At the quarter-pole *Bright Eyes* still led, but *Castle Boy* went by her on the next turn, and trotting finely went home two lengths in front. From this point Rooney took things easy and *Castle Boy* won very easily by two lengths, from *Bright Eyes*, in 2:24½. *Jack Poor* was third, *Louise Moore* fourth, and *Haskins* distanced.

SECOND HEAT.—When the word was given *Louise Moore* had the lead, but she broke upon the turn and dropped rapidly astern, and then fairly round the turn *Castle Boy* began to draw away, and trotting at his ease, was two lengths ahead of *Bright Eyes* at the quarter-pole. The mare broke on the turn, which left *Castle Boy* still a long lead, but just as he reached the half-mile pole he made a bad break and *Jack Poor* got within a length of him. As soon as he could be steadied, however, he shot away again and having the race safe at the home turn, lagged home a length ahead of *Jack Poor*. Time—2:30¾. *Louise Moore* was third.

THIRD HEAT.—This heat requires but little description. *Castle Boy* took the lead soon after starting, increased it as he went along and was two lengths in front at the half-mile pole. After this he came along at leisure, and won as he pleased by a couple of lengths, thus winning the race. *Bright Eyes* was second, and *Jack Poor* third. Time—2:30.

FLEETWOOD PARK, Sept. 18.—Purse of $1,000, for horses that have never beaten 2:30; $600 to first horse, $250 to second, and $150 to third.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M. Roden enters b. g. Castle Boy | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| G. M. Bergason enters b. m. Bright eyes | 3 | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| T. J. Bowen enters br. g. Jack Poor | 2 | 3 | 3 | | | | | |
| D. Pfiffer enters b. m. Louise Moore | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | | |
| E. Haskins enters b. g. F. Haskins | dis. | | | | | | | |

| TIME. | Quarter. | Half. | Mile. |
|---|---|---|---|
| First heat | 37 | 1:15 | 2:34½ |
| Second heat | 38 | 1:15 | 2:30¾ |
| Third heat | 38½ | 1:15½ | 2:40 |

THE 2:36 PURSE.

FIRST HEAT.—They got away on even terms, but on the turn *Joe* made a bad break, and before he could be steadied, was fully fifty yards astern. Going to the quarter-pole *Rose* drew ahead, and trotting in fine style was two lengths in front of *Bells of Oneida* at the half mile. Up the hill *Bodine* still led, *Oneida* being fifteen lengths ahead of *Constance*, while *Joe* was a long way astern. But MACE managed to get him down before reaching the three-quarter pole, and he made up his ground with a fine burst of speed. *Bodine* won the heat easily by three lengths, *Bells of Oneida* second, and *Constance* third, *Joe* just saving his distance. Time—2:31.

SECOND HEAT.—*Belle of Oneida* and *Bodine* were first away, with *Joe* next, but the latter again behaved badly and soon dropped into the rear. *Bodine* then went away, and trotted into the backstretch with a clear lead of *Belle of Oneida*, who was some lengths ahead of *Constance*. No change occurred in these positions, and they finished in the same order, *Bodine* winning at his ease. Time—2:30¼. *Rose* came in 200 yards behind, and was of course distanced.

THIRD HEAT.—*Bodine* showed in front soon after starting, with *Constance* second and *Belle of Oneida* third, and they trotted in this order until reaching a half-mile pole, when *Belle of Oneida* made a great break, collaring *Bodine* as the foot of the hill headed him, and was two lengths ahead as the three-quarter pole. She came round into the straight with a clear lead, but tiring fast, *Bodine* began to close on her. At the drawgates *Bodine* made his short, and trotting splendidly, got up in the last quarter and made a dead heat with the mare. Time—2:30. *Constance* was third. It was now getting very dark, and the judges postponed the race until 2 P. M. today. The following is a summary as far as it has been trotted:

SAME DAY.—Purse of $1,500 for horses that have never beaten 2:38; $900 to first, $400 to second and $200 to third.

Alden Goldsmith enters b. g. Bodine.....1 1 0
A. Pfiffer enters ch. m. Belle of Oneida.....2 2 0
J. Quinn enters br. m. Constance.....3 3 0
L. Morris enters b. m. Nellie Morris.....4 4 0
H. J. Dorrance enters ch. g. Joe.....5 dis.

| TIME. | Quarter. | Half. | Mile. |
|---|---|---|---|
| First heat | 38 | 1:15½ | 2:33 |
| Second heat | 38 | 1:13 | 2:30¼ |
| Third heat | 38½ | 1:15¼ | 2:33 |

TODAY'S TROTTING.

There will be two trots today in addition to the unfinished one of yesterday. The great attraction will be the contest between *Henry*, *George Palmer* and *American Girl*, for a purse of $4,500. *Henry* is the favorite in the betting. There will also be a purse of $2,000 for 2:31 horses, with nine entries, including *Fleetwood* and *Gray Jack*. If the weather is fine, a grand race may be anticipated.

## AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.

### Curiosities of Industry, Art and Science—Things Amusing and Things Instructive—Industrial Processes and Products—Advent of Visitors Begun.

The interest of the great industrial Fair of the American Institute, instead of decreasing grows greater day by day. New wonders constantly come in, and many elaborate machines which were incomplete at first, have now been put in perfect order, and perform the most complicated processes before the eye of the beholder, with a rapidity and smoothness which seem positively marvelous. Only the most undesirable back corners of the floors now remain unoccupied, and even they are fast filling up. The main hall is crammed and crowded full, but in spite of the multiplicity of detail, the harmony of the whole is admirably preserved, and the mass of flowers, fruit, furniture, pictures, bronze, glass and china, blends before the eye into one charming garden of color, and in the evening when the aisles are crowded with people, when the fountain and the band are playing on their respective elevations, and when the grand crystal chandelier is glittering with light, and the long row of side jets skirt the hall with an unintermitting blaze, the effect as seen from the gallery is positively magnificent.

While there is fully the usual number of useful things on exhibition this year there is certainly more than the ordinary display of amusing matters and of those rare objects which combine the instructive and amusing. The Stevens Institute in Hoboken, contributes some historical curiosities of especial interest, including the only piece of the old Atlantic Cable of 1858, which is now above water; also the quaint and most curious steam propeller engine, said to be the first known, which was invented by the father of the late Commodore STEVENS, at the beginning of this century and used to propel a boat on the Hudson River. It is said that this machine was constructed by WATT.

Near by is a beautiful model of a marine engine with water wheels which feather themselves automatically, as each oar is feathered in the hand of a skilful boatman. It is driven by compressed air, as is also a little locomotive perfect in every part which will race furiously over a mimic track. Another model of particular interest in these days is a large wooden *fac simile* of the Pneumatic Tube Railway which it was proposed to erect in Broadway. The Stevens Institute is well represented in another line by a perfect model of Rumkorff's electric battery, which throws a spark more than two feet long, which perforated the other day a cube of glass three inches in circumference, and which possesses sufficient power to kill three men. The Geissler tubes are shortly to be attached to this coil, by which the current as it passes through them will be tinged and tinted with a myriad of kaleidoscopic colors.

An enormous magnet from the Stevens Institute also challenges admiration. In the purely scientific line Columbia College is well represented by some splendid cases of chemicals and minerals from the School of Mines. In the mineral cases, among other things, are facsimile models of some of the big nuggets, including one of 1,749 ounces from Australia, one of 1,000 ounces from Siberia, and others smaller ones. Among the chemicals, some brilliant colorings and dyes, and some fine white handsome cones of beet sugar hold the eye of the most hasty passer-by.

At the end of the main hall stands a beautiful framework ready for the Bureau of Coast Guides, a cost of $15,000 especially for this exhibition. It is framed with glass, and each step of the whole process is made perfectly plain to the observer from the point where the wheat grains go in to the receptacle where it is deposited as fine flour. The Messrs. JEWELL, of Brooklyn, have a place next to this mill, and when the flour comes out of it they pick it up in bags and parcels, or bake it into bread and distribute it among the visitors in the little sacks and in fair round loaves. Just across the aisle from this is a chromatic press, striking off the programmes of the evening concert, and beautifully illustrating the art of printing in colors. Beyond this stand the tables of fruit, with a splendid array of apples and 250 separate varieties of pears, and beyond these again are flowers, which give a delicious smell, and birds in gorgeous cages, who fill the air with their twittering. The wilderness of handsome carpets, downy beds and fabulously comfortable chairs which surround the main hall, it would be impossible to describe, and to name even the curiosities among the innumerable machines which rattle and roar in the rear extension would require much time and space. To see them is to realize the old comparison of the steam-engine to the elephant's trunk which tears down a tree or picks up a pin with equal ease. We stand first, and see it drill out through iron like cheese; and then turning away a fragile toy chair which has been sawed out by a machine with the utmost delicacy.

Besides the usual magnificent display of photographs, the art department contains some spirited bas reliefs in bronze, by POWELL, some ornamental designs in silver, from TIFFANY, a perfect collection of the statuettes of ROGERS, the most notable of all, the works of Miss VINNIE REAM, in marble, including her bust of LINCOLN, which any one may see and criticise for himself. Miss REAM will shortly take her place among these children of her brain and pass some hours there every day, modelling in plaster.

### Alleged Illegal Arrest of a Merchant—A Singular Case.

A private examination in the case of the United States against MARCUS BROD, which took place in the office of Commissioner DAVENPORT, yesterday, developed some facts of interest to merchants. About three weeks ago DAVID W. IVES entered the store of Mr. MARCUS BROD, a prominent tobacco merchant, doing business at No. 181 Maiden-lane, and representing himself as an Internal Revenue detective, demanded to see the book of sales of the years 1869 and 1870. The book-keeper of Mr. BROD, who, it appeared, had been there but a few months, handed him the sales-book of 1870, the only book of which he had any knowledge. This, it is alleged, did not satisfy IVES, who entered the private office of Mr. BROD, and demanded to see the book for 1869. Mr. BROD made the reply that he did not have it there. The place being a private office, IVES was requested to get outside the railing, and told that any books in the office which he required would be shown him. He refused to go out, and was assured that, if he did not get outside the railing, he would be put out. He still refused, threatening, if they put a hand on him, he would send them to prison for ten years. And at the same time taking hold of the handle of the safe; whereupon, under instructions of Mr. BROD, the porter, PATRICK GRIFFIN, according to the testimony of the book-keeper, "gently removed" IVES outside the railing. IVES thereupon went before a United States Commissioner and sworn out a warrant against Mr. BROD and his porter for charging them with attempting to hinder and delay a United States officer in the examination of books in the course of his official duty. The officer who executed the warrant arrested Mr. BROD and his porter in the evening, and stating that he had instructions from the Commissioner to hold them to bail, delivered them, ironed together, through the public streets to Ludlow-street Jail. On the following morning they were again conveyed through the crowded thoroughfares to the Commissioner's office, where they gave bail. It need hardly be stated here that the Commissioner utterly repudiates the insinuation that he gave any instructions as to the imprisonment of the parties. After repeated adjournments, the testimony in the case was taken yesterday, and the case will be argued today before the Commissioner. It is claimed on the part of Mr. BROD that not only were the facts wholly insufficient on which to base an arrest but that, as matter of law, the complainant being a mere detective, and not a Government officer provided for by statute, he was not even entitled to an inspection of the books.

Mr. PURDY conducted the examination on the part of the Government; Mr. HENRY MORRISON for the defense.

## LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

### NEW-YORK.

The Flyaway Base-ball Club defeated the Mutuals, of Washington, at the Capitoline Grounds, yesterday, by a score of 22 to 11.

ANGUS MCLOUGHLIN, aged nine years, died suddenly, yesterday, at his parents' residence, No. 351 West Fifty-first-street.

Jefferson Market Police Court was closed at noon, yesterday, as a mark of respect to the late Ex-Judge STUART.

The Bloomingdale Turnverein has recently established a boys' Turn school, and contemplates the erection of a new Turn hall.

The opening lecture in the session of '71-2 of the Bellevue Hospital Clinical School will be delivered this evening by Prof. W. T. HELMUTH.

OLOF AMBJORNSEN was, yesterday, committed by Justice DOWLING for having cut FRANCIS WILLETT, of No. 89 Bowery, on the hand with a pocket-knife.

Judge LEDWITH sent GEORGE PATTERSON for trial to the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, for stabbing WILLIAM SWANSTON, of No. 229 Fifth-street, in the arm with a knife.

Croton water was found running at No. 79 William-street, on Monday night, by Officer MASHEN, who shut it off. Considerable damage was done to the building.

The sale of property for unpaid assessments was continued yesterday by the Clerk of Arrears. The attendance was good and the bidding spirited.

A boy, only nine years old, was found drunk and insensible in the street on Monday night. Justice SHANDLEY committed him, yesterday, to the care of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction.

KATE MILLER, twenty-two years of age, who was terribly burned by the explosion of a kerosene lamp, at No. 115 Delancey-street, on the 1st of June last, died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital.

MICHAEL HANLEY, twenty-four years of age, died at the Park Hospital, yesterday, from the effects of injuries received on the 15th ult., by a bank of earth falling upon him, at Hudson, N. Y.

At Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, JOHN GORMAN was charged by Officer GARDINER, of the Seventh Precinct, with carrying concealed on his person a set of brass knuckles. He was held to answer in default of bail.

CULVEN WOOD was arrested yesterday morning by Patrolman EASTERBROOK, of the Eighteenth Precinct, for having a dirk-knife in his possession. He was committed for trial to the Court of General Sessions.

HENRY WEINLEMAN was brought before United States Commissioner STILWELL, yesterday, on a charge of passing a counterfeit $20 bill on Dr. EDWARD D. RANSDALL. He was committed for examination in default of $2,000 bail.

A Committee waited upon Mr. TWEED, yesterday, and informed him of the formation of the Central Tweed Organization. Mr. TWEED thanked them, and rejoiced to hear that the organization had been completed.

A meeting of the Baxter Monument Association was held in the Twelfth Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth-street and Broadway, on Monday evening. The Association is entirely composed of members of the old Baxter Blues.

The Sunday-school of St. John's M. E. Church, Fifty-third-street, near Broadway, enjoyed an ice-cream festival last evening. There was a large attendance. The profits go toward replenishing the library.

The Wolfschlucht Schwatzen, a popular organization of German riflemen, gave a festival at the Cremorne Garden, in Third-avenue, yesterday, which attracted a large attendance of visitors.

At Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, ALEX. PATTERSON, of No. 308 East Tenth-street, was committed to the care of the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, for attempting to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a knife on Monday evening last.

Yesterday afternoon, WM. H. WHEELOCK, aged forty, a coachman, while on the steam-boat *J. D. Schaefer*, at Pier No. 26 East River, was taken suddenly ill and died in a few moments. The remains were taken to his late residence, No. 199 West Twenty-ninth-street.

Prof. ALBERT GARNIER, the French billiard celebrity, and young MAURICE DALY, the rising New-York cueist, have agreed upon a home and home series of match games for $1,000 each, the first to be played in Chicago on Oct. 2, and the second in New-York late in October.

The New-York Penny Verein, a German benevolent organization, composed of eight divisions, was yesterday engaged in a second annual picnic and Summer-night's festival at the East River Park, which was largely attended by the members of the organization and their families.

EDWARD CLEAR, who fell from the platform of a car attached to a Hudson River Railroad train, at the Carmansville Station, on Monday, died at Bellevue Hospital, yesterday from the injuries received. The body has been removed to the residence of his parents, No. 122 Third-street, Williamsburg.

Yesterday a lighter passed from the East River into Newtown Creek. It had in tow a small skiff in which were three men and a boy. When near Greenpoint bridge, the skiff upset, and two of the men and the boy were drowned. The third man saved himself by swimming to the shore. Their names were not ascertained.

Hon. JOHN HOWARTH, member of the new English Board of Education, from Lancashire; Hon. JAMES H. SIMMONS, Superintendent of Schools, Richmond, Va.; Rev. R. M. MANLY, late Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau for the State of Virginia, and Messrs. PENDLETON, FOX and CRUMP, Principals of Richmond public schools, paid a visit, yesterday, to Grammar School No. 3.

### BROOKLYN.

MATILDA WEISEL and HENRIETTA RIECE, two shop-lifters, were sent, by Justice BUCKLEY, to the Penitentiary, yesterday, for one year each.

JOHN D. BECKETT, charged with passing counterfeit currency, was committed by United States Commissioner BURDLOW, yesterday, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

The Democratic General Committee met last night and resolved to hold the primaries for the election of delegates to the State Convention on the 26th inst.

The Board of Directors of the lately incorporated Homeopathic Hospital have purchased the Cumberland-street Orphan Asylum, and will in a few weeks proceed to place it in condition for the reception of patients.

Small-pox again appears to be on the increase in Brooklyn. Ten cases were reported at the Health office on Monday, and an equal number was reported yesterday. The patients were in most cases promptly removed to the hospital.

A child named JULIUS KEYSER, about two and a half years old, residing at No. 219 Johnson-street, was run over and killed last night by one of the South Fifth-street cars, at the corner of Johnson and Morrill streets.

A match game for the champion amateur cup of Long Island will take place on Oct. 17, at Samuells' Assembly Billiard House in Brooklyn, between Mr. KIERBY, the present champion, and Mr. FRED. ROGERS, a young aspirant for billiardistic fame.

### LONG ISLAND.

G. WASHINGTON CONKLING, a young lad only nineteen years of age, has been arrested, charged with being a bigamist.

WILLIAM BREWSTER, colored, of Hempstead, was killed, while gunning in Hempstead Bay, yesterday, by the accidental discharge of his gun.

A magnificent short-horned bull, just imported from England, jumped overboard from the ferry-boat at Hunter's Point yesterday. He was rescued.

Mr. CHARLICK, President of the Long Island Railroad Company, has refused to permit goods for the County Agricultural Fair to be passed over the line free of charge.

The yacht *Elfa*, DAN. W. FARMERY, master, got aground off Coney Island beach on Monday morning. The crew succeeded in getting her afloat toward noon, and brought her safe into Patchogue Bay.

WILLIAM STARENS, bar-tender at the Hibernian House, Long Island City, was badly cut on one arm yesterday while attempting to detain a rowdy who was leaving without paying for liquor he had drank. The ruffian escaped.

On Thursday of next week a branch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will be organized at the Town Hall, Flushing. Rev. E. S. FAIRCHILD will deliver an address.

BERNARD FIGHE was brought up from Raymond-street Jail, yesterday, and arraigned before the Justice of the Sixth District Court, charged with making an attack with a crowbar on a seaman. The seaman was nearly killed by the blow. FIGHE was committed by the Justice.

Yesterday morning Mr. FETTERHOFF, of Jamaica, found that a valuable colt that he had put into his pasture the night before had been terribly mutilated about the breast, pieces having been cut clean out. A Hempstead farmer reports that one of his horses was similarly lacerated on Monday.

An unknown species of fish was found on the beach at East Hampton, on Friday. It measured twelve inches in length, and had the general appearance of a flatfish, sort, with a blunt head. From the tip of its nose a spur projected six inches long, very much resembling the weapon of a sword-fish. The mouth is above the nose.

A fleet of about 300 vessels (oyster sloops) left Patchogue yesterday, and could be seen at noon anchoring about eight miles from that place in "Blue Point Bay" dredging for oysters. A great many schooners engaged in the oyster trade had anchored off South Bay. They all think that their prospects for the season are very fair, as the oysters are unusually fat and numerous.

EDWARD MORRAIS, a discharged railroad employe, assaulted MARGARET COURTNEY on Monday last. He caught her by the head, threw her to the floor and kicked her several times in the stomach, injuring her severely. Not satisfied with this, he caught her head, and with some blunt instrument inflicted some very severe wounds on her forehead. At the preliminary hearing he was put under $1,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

### WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

One hundred and forty-seven acres of land of the Elisha Clark estate, adjacent to the Tom Paine farm, Upper New-Rochelle, has been sold for $30,000 to ANDREW FINLAY, Esq., who has also purchased fifty acres adjoining from Mrs. E. CLARK, for $15,000.

In the case of the fatal accident to THOMAS H. STACEY, plumber, of Fordham, at Mt. Vernon, the Coroners jury rendered a verdict that he was accidently killed, and they exonerated the employes of the New-Haven Railroad Company from all blame in the matter.

Commodore VANDERBILT, President; WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President; L. C. BUCKOUT, Superintendent, and a few of the Directors of the Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris Railroad, passed over the new connecting link between the Harlem and Hudson River Railroads yesterday, for the purpose of inspecting the work.

### STATEN ISLAND.

The Whitehall boatmen had their regular chowder at Silver Lake yesterday.

The ladies connected with the old Reformed Church at Port Richmond are now engaged raising funds to build a new church.

The Staten Island sharp-shooters held their eighth annual target excursion on Monday, at Bechtel's Park, where some very fine shooting was witnessed.

The Richmond County Agricultural Fair and Cattle Show closed yesterday, and proved a decided success. The display of stock of every description exceeded that of any other year.

A game of base-ball was played yesterday at the grounds of the Agricultural Fair at New-Dorp, between the Olympics and Mineolas, resulting in a victory for the former by a score of 29 to 8.

The residence of Miss PAULINE EBECKER, at Clifton, Staten Island, was robbed yesterday afternoon. Jewelry and other articles of the value of $2,000 were carried off. One of the thieves was captured this morning, and conveyed to the Station-house and locked up. He gave his name as HENRY BANNER. Some of the goods have been recovered.

### NEW-JERSEY.

Today the Argonauta Rowing Association of Bergen Point, and the Oneida Boat Club of Jersey City, will compete in a six-oared gig race in the Staten Island Kills.

FRANCIS HOWARD, of Englewood, has been nominated for Senator from Bergen County, Mr. D. A. PELL, of Hoboken, received the nomination for Sheriff.

BRIDGET CONNORS, of Hoboken, who took a quantity of Paris green on Saturday night with the intention of committing suicide, died yesterday morning in St. Mary's Hospital from the effects of the poison.

Coroner WANDLE, of Jersey City, yesterday held an inquest on the body of WM. REILLY, which was found at the Communipaw dock on Tuesday. A verdict of accidental drowning was returned.

It is stated that the walls of SINGER'S new sewing-machine factory, now in course of erection in Elizabeth, are sinking, and that the immense structure will have to be torn down and built up again.

WILLIAM COOK, a brakeman on the Bloomfield train on the Morris and Essex Railroad, was killed at the Hackensack Bridge yesterday afternoon. He attempted to hand a letter to his father, who is bridge-tender, and while leaning out from the locomotive was struck by one of the bridge timbers.

The September term of the Essex County Court opened in Newark yesterday. Judge DEPUE, in addressing the Grand Jury, referred to the murder of OLIVER S. HALSTEAD, Jr., to the accident upon the Newark and New-York Railroad, on the 6th of July last, by which several persons came to their death, and briefly referred to other cases on the calendar, and explained the law bearing on each case.

The New-Jersey State Fair opened yesterday morning at Waverly, and is a great success. The entries are very numerous, and everything promises a very successful exhibition. A large quantity of Western fruit is on exhibition from Ohio and Illinois. To-morrow the horses will be examined and exhibited, and the trials of speed will be on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The Jubilee English road steamer is in full movement about the grounds.

At about 11½ o'clock last night, a fire broke out in the planing mill owned by Messrs. DARBY, SNOW & PRENTICE, in Greene-street, Jersey City. Within a few minutes the flames enveloped the entire building, which was of wood, about eighty feet long by forty wide and three stories high. The mill was burned to the ground. Its contents were entirely destroyed, causing a loss to the proprietors of all their valuable machinery and a large quantity of manufactured articles. The loss is not less than $40,000. The property is insured for the full amount of the loss.

### ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Lieut. Commander N. M. Dyer has been detached from the *Ossipee* and placed on waiting orders.

The statement from the Adjutant-General's office reporting the list of casualties among the commissioned officers of the army for the week ending Sept. 16, contains the following names: Prof. Dennis H. Mahon, drowned in the Hudson River; Major Samuel D. Swamp, died at Saratoga; Capt. George W. Ballantine, resigned; First Lieut. Wm. W. Parry, Thirteenth Infantry, died at Camp Douglas, Utah Territory.

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 28.—Movements of the South Atlantic Squadron: Flag-ship *Lancaster*, Admiral Lanman, commander squadron; sloop of war *Portsmouth*, Commander Asa Sears, to sail for the United States in a few days. Corvette *Residence*, Capt. O. C. Badger, arrived at Rio Aug. 23. Gun-boat *Wasp*, Commander J. M. Quackenbush, at Montevideo.

[Advertisement.]

The sun is passing southward through the zodiacal sign of Leo toward the torrid zither of the equator, and each day is nearer its distant. In other words, the Fall is rapidly approaching. Well, let it come. KNOX is ready for it at No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., with his incomparable hats, all of which have been designed expressly to meet the fashionable exigencies of the forthcoming season.

### NEWSPAPERS FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only on permits bearing the written authority of J. W. SIMONTON, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce*, *Times*, *Tribune*, *World*, *Sun*, *Express*, *Evening Post*, *Commercial Advertiser*, *Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

### Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Scotia | Sept. 20.—New-York | Liverpool. |
| Alexandria | Sept. 20.—New-York | Glasgow. |
| City of Dublin | Sept. 21.—New-York | Liverpool. |
| Angria | Sept. 21.—New-York | Glasgow. |
| Algeria | Sept. 23.—New-York | Liverpool. |
| City of London | Sept. 23.—New-York | Liverpool. |
| France | Sept. 23.—New-York | Liverpool. |
| St. Laurent | Sept. 23.—New-York | Havre. |
| Hermann | Sept. 23.—New-York | Bremen. |
| Oceanic | Sept. 23.—New-York | Liverpool. |

FOR HAVANA, &C.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Saxonia | Sept. 21.—New-York | Havana. |
| Morro Castle | Sept. 21.—New-York | Havana. |
| North American | Sept. 21.—New-York | Rio. |

### Closing of Foreign Mails at Post-Office.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europe via Queenstown, by the *Wisconsin*, at ½ A. M., with a supplementary mail for *double-paid* letters only, on Pier No. 46 North River, until 9:40 A. M.

### Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way.....8 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through via H. R. R. R. and New York Central.....8 A. M.; 4:00, 9 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R.....8 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.
East, via New-Haven.....8 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Newport.....2 P. M.
East, New-England Way.....8 A. M.; 2:00 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail.....2 P. M.
South, Through.....8 A. M.; 7:00 P. M.
Philadelphia Way.....8 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
West Mail, through Express, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Pacific.....7 A. M.; 2:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. and G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.....8 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

### Passengers Arrived.

*Per steam-ship China*, from Liverpool.—Miss Livermore, Miss Prime, Sergt. Haigh and wife, Mr. Simmond, Mr. and Mrs. Gunther, 2 children and maid, Mr. Morrow, 3 Chinese gentlemen and 11 servants, E. Tomes, J. Kendall, W. J. Harries, J. W. Chapman, Miss Spooner, Miss Usher, Dr. Mackintosh, J. H. Burn, Mr. Mount, Mr. Goldsmith, Mr. and Mrs. Greene, Mr. Rumph, O. L. Hills, Geo. Hobson, R. M. Dickinson, S. Brook, R. G. Smith, Mrs. Parkin, Miss Parkin and maid, Mrs. Abercrombie, Mrs. M. E. Mossman, Mr. and Mrs. Saunders, Mrs. McCall and maid, Mrs. A. Jones, Mrs. Lowman, 3 children, infant and maid, Mr. Lambert, Miss Lambert, maid and child, Mr. Clive, Mr. and Mrs. Lynott and 2 children, Mr. Corrith, Mrs. R. Lynott and 2 children, Mr. Rosenfeldt, G. W. Whitney, Mrs. Gatterman and child, Miss Bell, Mrs. Hodgins, S. McCullough, M. V. Simmons, Chas. Rosenfeldt, Robt. Stewart, G. Hall Gen., Spooner, Whitney, Mr. McKenzie, Davis, Master Low, Jr., R. Gibb, Mrs. D. Gibb, Miss Elain, Miss Long, Miss Gibb, Mr. and Mrs. Low, Mr. Low, Jr., Miss Low, W. C. Dicky, Andrew Binny, Rev. J. N. Burke, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Jarmulowski, Mr. Yates, Mr. and Mrs. Simonds and 4 children, 2 Misses Simonds and maid, John Simonds, Mr. Thomas, V. Gilmore, Mrs. Jones, Miss Whitemore, Benj. Schrwe, Geo. D. Low, Geo. Spooner, Mrs. McKenzie, Davis, Master Jones, Mr. Northcote, Mr. J. Welsh, Mr. and Mrs. McCulloch, Mrs. Marion Parsons, Mr. Cheney, T. Gerrill, Mr. and Mrs. Hunt, Miss Case and 2 children, M